The Bombay Gazette

No. 11,614 New Series. BOMBAY :—FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1886.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY.

SHIPPING.

S. S. "GWALIOR."
NOTICE TO PASSENGERS.

A STEAMER will LEAVE the Apollo-bunder a 3 p.m., on FRIDAY, to convey passengers on board the "Gwalior."

All heavy baggage must be sent to the Company's Dockyard, Mazagon, between the hours of 7 and 10 a.m., on the day of sailing, as nothing but hand packages can be taken in the Steamer.

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. Company.

Bombay, February 17 1886.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM TO ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, AND MARSEILLES.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES.

Vessels.	Tons	H. P.	Captains.	FRIDAY 1886.
— GWALIOR	2733	500	P. Harris	19th Feb.
L GANGES	4198	200	S. Stewart	26th ,,
M SIAM	3051	500	R. F. Briscoe	5th May.
L NEPAUL	3536	600	T. J. Alderton	12th ,,
— NIZAM	2726	500	W. J. Wooster	19th ,,
L THAMES	4102	800	W. A. Soutar	26th ,,
M AUSTRALIA	3664	600	E. Asadown	2nd April.
L PESHAWUR	3300	600	L. H. Moule	9th ,,
— ASSAM	3388	500	W. J. Nantes	16th ,,
L CLYDE	4124	8.0	S. St. Edmond	23rd ,,
M MIRZAPORE	3867	600	R. Harvey	30th ,,
L HYDASPES	2864	550	G. Scrivenor	7th May
— GWALIOR	2733	500	P. Harris	14th ,,
L SURAT	3142	550	C. R. Edwards	21st ,,

TUESDAY.

M MALWA	2959	500	G. W. Atkinson	25th ,,
L ANCONA	3128	600	R. G. Murray	1st June.

The steamers marked L proceed direct to London via Malta; and those marked M via Marseilles. By the others, passengers for London and Marseilles change vessels at Suez. All London steamers call at Plymouth.

A steam-barge will leave the Company's Dockyard, Mazagon, at 3 p. m. on the day of sailing to convey passengers on board.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1886.
HYDASPES	2864	550	G. Scrivenor	19th Feb.
SURAT	3142	550	C. R. Edwards	5th March.
ANCONA	3128	600	R. G. Murray	19th ,,
PEKIN	3500	6.0	A. Symmons	2nd April.

Return Tickets are now issued at greatly reduced rates to all ports, for particulars of which apply to

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, February 17, 1886.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

MARSEILLES ROUTE.
FORTNIGHTLY DEPARTURES.

PASSENGERS can now be BOOKED to MARSEILLES by any of the following steamers:—

	Vessels.	Tons.	H. P.
19th Feb.	"GWALIOR"	2733	500
* 5th Mar.	"SIAM"	3051	500
19th ,,	"NIZAM"	2726	500
* 2nd April	"AUSTRALIA"	3664	600
16th ,,	"ASSAM"	3388	500
* 30th ,,	"MIRZAPORE"	3867	600
14th May	"GWALIOR"	2733	500
* 28th ,,	"MALWA"	2959	500

The steamers marked * proceed direct to Marseilles; passengers by the others change vessels at Suez.

Through tickets from Bombay to London ex Marseilles, including the railway fare from Marseilles to London, are issued:—

First Class.....Rs. 680.
Second Class..... ,, 370.

For further particulars apply to

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent.

Bombay, February 17, 1886.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Regular Mail-steamers leave BOMBAY on the 1st of each month at noon, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, NAPLES, GENOA, and MARSEILLES, starting from GENOA on the 24th of every month for BOMBAY.

FARE to all Ports of Italy Rs. 300, Rs. 340, Rs. 150, for First, Second, and Third Class, respectively, inclusive of Wine. Infants are allowed free. Children over three and under ten years, half fare. Families will be allowed liberal discount. To Marseilles Rs. 20, 15, and 9 extra, for First, Second, and Third Class, respectively.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the handbooks.

A discount of 35, 20, and 10 per cent. is allowed Passengers returning within three, six, and twelve months respectively, from the date of LANDING.

The following or other First Class Steamers will leave Bombay:—

	Tons.	H.P.	
DOMENICO BALDUINO (late China)	5,000	850	1st Mar. 1886
RAFFAELE RUBATTINO	5,000	850	1st April 1886
MANILLA	5,000	850	1st May 1886

Steam Launch leaves Apollo Bunder between 10 and 11 a.m. on the day of sailing, with Passengers and heavy Baggage.

Through Railway Tickets available for 17 days to London via Calais or Brighton, both from Genoa and Naples, are issued here.

For Handbooks of information and other particulars apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.

Bassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Feb. 1, 1886.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

REGULAR LINE OF STEAMERS
BETWEEN BOMBAY, BRINDISI, AND TRIESTE.
VIA CANAL.

Steamers.	Captains	Tons.	H. P.	To sail 1886
MEDUSA	G. Deperis	3.500	550	2nd Mar.
ELEKTRA	G. Ragusin	4,200	630	3rd April.
PANDORA	G. Mattei	3,500	550	16th ,,
POSEIDON (New)	G. Doncich	4,600	650	3rd May.
HERMIONE	C. R. Verona	3,500	650	18th ,,

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 130

RETURN TICKETS are now issued available for SIX MONTHS at the following rates:—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480

Above rates include Wines supplied at meals.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 5th, and BRINDISI on the 7th, of each month.

The Company's steam launch will be in attendance at the Apollo-bunder on the day of sailing to convey passengers and their luggage to the steamer, free of charge.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail 1886.
POSEIDON (New)	G. Doncich	4,600	650	3rd March

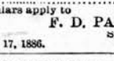
For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to

J. JANNI,
Agent.

Bassoon House, 50, Church-gate-street,
Bombay, Feb. 16, 1886.

ANCHOR LINE.

INDIAN SERVICE BETWEEN BOMBAY, LIVER POOL AND MEDITERRANEAN.



BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

s. s. ASIA	3550	480	J. Craig	25th Feb.
s. s. BELGRAVIA	5000	500	J. C. Boothby	6th Mar.
s. s. ARABIA	3500	480	J. Laird	20th ,,
s. s. BRITANNIA	3069	480	F. Blight	1st April.
s. s. CALIFORNIA	3416	480	W. S. Young	10th ,,
s. s. VICTORIA	3242	480	Wm. Russel	15th May.
s. s. BELGRAVIA	5000	500	J. C. Boothby	29th ,,

To be followed by other first-class steamers at regular intervals.

For rates of passage and further particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, January 4, 1886.

CHEAP PASSAGES.

WE BOOK PASSAGES by well-appointed 1st Class Steamers, all the year round, to and from different Home and Continental Ports, at from Rs. 230 to Rs. 400, 1st Class. We also secure passages by the P. & O. Co. and all the other regular Lines of Steamers at the lowest possible fares. We also supply Continental Railway tickets and secure places in sleeping car to enable passengers to go through with the mails. A liberal reduction made for families and parties, and no commission charged.

Full particulars on application, personally, or by letter, or telegram to WILLIAM WATSON & Co., Travellers' Agents and Bankers, Bombay, 28, Apollo-street; London, 27, Leadenhall-street, E. C.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)
Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE AND KATTYWAR COAST.

S. S. "BURMAH," 1,081 tons, on FRIDAY, 19th February, 1886, at noon, calling at Verawal, Mangarole, Porebunder, and Cutch Mandvie, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "SATARA," 1,301 tons, on MONDAY, 22nd February, (on arrival of outward English Mail), calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bushire, Fao, and Bussrah, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "PATNA," 1,780 tons, on WEDNESDAY, 24th February, at 5 p.m., calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, AND MOZAMBIQUE.

S. S. "ABYSSINIA," 1,129 tons, on THURSDAY, the 25th February, 1886, at 5 p.m.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 18th February, 1886.

INDIAN AND COLONIAL EXHIBITION, LONDON, 1886.

MESSRS. THOS. COOK & SON, as the SOLELY APPOINTED PASSENGER AGENTS to the ROYAL BRITISH COMMISSION for the INDIAN AND COLONIAL EXHIBITION, are prepared to give quotations at THE LOWEST POSSIBLE RATES BY ALL LINES OF STEAMERS,

and by all routes from all chief stations in India, either to London direct, or by any route through the European Continent.

Messrs. Thos. Cook and Son are prepared to arrange for any number or class of Native Indians, both for the journey and accommodation in Europe, in accordance with the special requirements of castes.

THOS. COOK & SON } Bombay Rampart Row, Calcutta, 10½ Old Court House Street.

N. B.—Thos. Cook and Son make no charge in any way to their patrons, and every traveller with T. C. and Son's tickets is entitled to the *free* use of their Offices and Assistants in all parts of the Globe. During the Exhibition an Exchange, Reading, and Waiting Room will be opened in Old London Street, at which travellers can make appointments, find the Indian and Colonial papers, write letters, receive telegrams, &c. Telegraphic Registered Address, "TOURIST, London."

FOR MARSEILLES.

THE steam-ship HANKOW 3,591 tons, (recently employed by Admiralty as a troopship), will sail for Marseilles about 23rd February. Has splendid accommodation for First Class Passengers. Fare exclusive of wines, &c., Rs. 330. Apply to

JAMES MACKINTOSH & Co.

The Hankow is lying off Apollo-bunder, and intending Passengers are invited to visit her.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TREACHER AND COMPANY'S
PRESENTS FOR LADIES.

JEWEL CASES—
A choice selection. In Russian, Persian, Calf and other Leathers, lined with rich velvet, having Compartments for Lockets, Pendants, Brooches, Chains, Rings, &c. &c. Fitted with strong Lock and Key, From Rs. 20 to Rs. 100 each.

GLOVE, HANDKERCHIEF AND JEWEL CASES—
All combined, in rich plush, Rs. 20 each.

GLOVE STRETCHERS—
Made of the finest African Ivory, Complete in Case. From Rs. 10 to Rs. 20 per pair.

DRESSING CASES—
A choice selection in Russian, Persian, and Morocco Leathers, lined with Velvet, Fitted complete. From Rs. 55 to Rs. 75 cash.

DRESSING BAGS—
The largest selection in India, in Morocco, Russian and other Leathers, lined with Silk and Satin, Fitted complete, with every requisite.

NE PLUS ULTRA BAGS—
From Rs. 68 to Rs. 110 each.

STANDARD BAGS—
From Rs. 85 to Rs. 120 each.

PRESENTATION BAGS—
From Rs. 210 to Rs. 400 each.

CARD CASES—
In Russian, Morocco and other Leathers. From Rs. 3 to Rs. 6 each.
Mounted with Sterling Silver Mounts. From Rs. 7 to Rs. 15 each.
Made in Sterling Silver Hall-marked. From Rs. 40 to Rs. 70 each.

HAND OR CARRIAGE BAGS—
In great variety, made in Morocco, Calf, Russian Leathers, Plush, &c. From Rs. 6 to Rs. 16 each.
Ditto ditto fitted with Instruments for Working in Silks and Wools, &c. From Rs. 6 to Rs. 25 each.
Standard Bags, Fitted with a variety of useful Instruments, which are removeable at pleasure. From Rs. 13 to Rs. 40 cash.

LADIES' EVENING BAGS—
Containing Scent Bottles, Brushes and Cases, Sterling Silver Mounted, &c. Rs. 60 cash.

LADIES' COMPANIONS—
In Imitation Old Ivory, Fitted with Scissors, Needles, Crochet Hook, etc. From Rs. 16 to Rs. 22-8 each.

LADIES' WORK BOXES—
In Imitation Old Ivory, Leather, etc, Fitted complete, with every requisite. From Rs. 25 to Rs. 40 each. etc., etc.

For further details see Illustrated Catalogue.

TREACHER AND CO., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

TREACHER AND COMPANY'S
PRESENTS FOR GENTLEMEN.

CIGAR CASES—
A large selection in Russian, Morocco, Calf and other Leathers. All sizes to suit Trichinopoly Cheroots and Cigars.
Mounted with Sterling Silver Mounts. From Rs. 10-8 to Rs. 18 each.
Made of Sterling Silver Hall-marked. From Rs. 65 to Rs. 180 cash.

CIGARETTE CASES—
A varied Assortment in Russian, Morocco, Calf and other Leathers. Many sizes.
From Rs. 1-4 to Rs. 3 each.
Mounted with Silver Plate Mounts. From Rs. 6 to Rs. 15 each.
Made of Sterling Silver Hall-marked. From Rs. 40 to Rs. 65 cash.

CARD CASES—
In Morocco, Russian and other Leathers. From Rs. 2 to Rs. 5 each.

NOTE AND LETTER CASES—
In Russian, Morocco and other Leathers, with or without the perpetual Calendar. From Rs. 4 to Rs. 8 each.
Mounted with Sterling Silver Mounts. From Rs. 12 to Rs. 16 each.

DRESSING CASES—
A large selection. In solid Leather. Fitted complete with every requisite. From Rs. 10-8 to Rs. 35 cash.
In Morocco or Russia Leather, &c. Superior fittings. From Rs. 45 to Rs. 60 each.

ROLL UP CASES—
Take up very small space in Portmanteau. From Rs. 28 to Rs. 50 each.

DRESSING BAGS—
The largest selection in India. In Morocco. Plain Hide, Crocodile and other Leathers. Fitted complete with every requisite.
"NE PLUS ULTRA" BAGS—
From Rs. 72 to Rs. 120 cash.
GLADSTONE BAGS—
From Rs. 72 to Rs. 150 cash.
"MONITOR" PRESENTATION—
From Rs. 375 to 765 cash.
&c., &c., &c.
For further details see Illustrated Catalogue.

TREACHER & Co., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

TREACHER'S "GLENLIVET" WHISKY

THE great success attending the introduction of this Fine Spirit into the Indian Market, is a sufficient indication of its quality.

CASH. per doz. Rs.	as.						CASH. per doz. Rs.	as.
22	8	... Treacher's	...	GLENLIVET	... Whisky	...	22	8
		Is a blend composed of matured Whiskies from the most renowned Distilleries in Scotland.						
22	8	... Treacher's	...	GLENLIVET	... Whisky	...	22	8
		The cream of Scotch Whiskies, softened and matured by Age.						
22	8	... Treacher's	...	GLENLIVET	... Whisky	...	22	8
		Pure and wholesome, Guaranteed to be distilled from the best malt, and free from any smoky or objectionable flavour.						
22	8	... Treacher's	...	GLENLIVET	... Whisky	...	22	8
		Consists of the finest Whiskies selected from those distilled during each fine Barley season.						
22	8	... Treacher's	...	GLENLIVET	... Whisky	...	22	8
		Highly Commended by Connoisseurs for its Fulness, Fragrance and Mellowness.						
22	8	... Treacher's	...	GLENLIVET	... Whisky	...	22	8
		The Butting, Bonding, and Blending is carefully attended to by practical men at Treacher and Company's Scotch Agency, and is one of the chief secrets of the success of the brand.						
22	8	... Treacher's	...	GLENLIVET	... Whisky	...	22	8
		Highly recommended as a stimulant by the most eminent Physicians.						
22	8	... Treacher's	...	GLENLIVET	... Whisky	...	22	8
		Is supplied to upwards of one hundred and twenty Regimental Messes, Clubs, and Co-operative Societies.						
22	8	... Treacher's	...	GLENLIVET	... Whisky	...	22	8
		Special terms for quantities to the Trade, Messes, Clubs and Co-operative Societies.						

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

REAL UNSHRINKABLE
FLANNELS AND SILK AND WOOLS.

ASQUITH, LORD & WHITMORE are in receipt of present SEASON'S STOCK, and will be glad to send Patterns on Application.

GENTLEMEN living in the DISTRICTS or CAMPING out will find the above thoroughly reliable. The excellent FIT and COMFORT of our SHIRTS and SLEEPING SUITS is too well known to need further comment.

PRICE LIST.

Best White Saxony Flannel with Collars attached		The "Tennis" Shirt	...	...	Six for Rs. 52
Best White Silk and Wool	Do.	...	...	...	do. ,, 52
Best Wove Coloured Flannel	Do.	...	...	...	do. ,, 52
Best Coloured Silk and Wool	Do.	...	...	...	do. ,, 52

SLEEPING SUITS.

Best Wove Flannel or Silk and Wool ... ...per suit Rs. 18

N.B.—On all V. P. P. ORDERS exceeding Rs. 20 a special discount of 10 per cent. is allowed as well as FREE CARRIAGE and PACKING.

ASQUITH, LORD & WHITMORE,
THE WELL-KNOWN SHIRT-MAKERS,
BOMBAY.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.
THE HOMEWARD SEASON, 1886.
THORPE AND CO.

HAVE a large assortment of useful Requisites for Homeward-bound Passengers and Travellers, very moderate in price, and ready for Immediate Use, or made to measure a few hours after the Order is given.

PRICE LIST.

	Rs.	a.	Rs.	a.		Rs.	a.
Deck Suits for Morning Wear	7	8	to 16	8	Ladies' Sun Hats	5	0
Travelling Suits	25	0	to 28	0	Overland Chairs	4	8
Warm Suits Cheviot, &c.	28	0	to 35	0	Despatch Boxes	20	8
Warm Overcoats or Ulsters	38	0	to 50	0	Elder Down Pillows	8	8
Best White Shirt Bands	each		4	4	English Feather Pillows	3	8
Do. do. Collars	,,		4	8	MoneyBelts, Pockets all round, from Rs. 2-8 to	3	8
Best Oxford do.	,,		5	0	Block Tin Collar Boxes	3	8
Best Flannel and Silk Wool			8	0	China Grass Slippers from Rs. 1-0 to	1	8
Cardigan Jackets, very warm	10	0	to 12	8	Morocco Slippers	3	8
Dressing Gowns	10	8	to 25	0	Brown Leather Slippers	2	12
Warm Lamb's-Wool Undervests	each		6	0	White Canvas Shoes	3	8
Do. do. Pants	pair		6	0	Cholera Belts, best Flannel	2	8
Brown Cotton Socks	per doz.		8	8	Champagne or Soda water Taps	2	12
Superior Merino Socks	per doz.		20	0	Marine or Saltwater Soap ...per packet	1	0
Very Warm Lamb's-Wool Socks	per doz.		25	0	Eau de Cologne with wicker cover	2	8
Ribbed Hand-Knitted Socks	do.		30	0	Assorted Perfumes ...per bottle	2	8
Knicker-bocker Hose, Hand-Knitted	pair		3	8	Travelling Pillows	each	1	8
Heather Ribbed Cotton	pair		3	8	Resais or Quilts from	5	0
Gauze Merino Undervests	per doz.		12	0	Scotch Mauds and Rugs from	16	0
Extra Superior Gauze Vests	do.		15	0	Cambric Handkerchiefs per doz.	5	0
Stout Merino Vests	each		5	8	Metal Soap Boxes from	1	8
Stout Merino Pants	each		6	8	Sponges from	1	8
Gauze Merino Pants	each		6	8	Sponge Bags	1	8
Warm Gloves			1	8	Rug Straps	1	8
Warm Mufflers			2	0	Leather Purses	2	0
Travelling Caps			4	0	Sovereign Boxes	3	12
Best Tweed Hats			4	8	Razors, ready for use	2	0
Best Linen Collars, all shapes	doz.		6	8	Shaving Brushes	2	0
Linen Faced Collars	doz.		0	12	Nail Brushes	1	0
Best Linen Cuffs	doz.		10	0	Tooth Brushes	0	8
Linen Faced Cuffs	doz.		1	8	Hair Brushes	4	0
Overland Trunks, best make,	from		27	0	Military Hair Brushes in leather case	10	8
Solid Leather Portmanteaux			40	0	Nail Scissors from 1-8 to	2	0
Railway Portmanteaux			13	0	Hold-alls with Strong Leather Straps from	10	8
Tan Canvas Courier Bags			8	0	Waterproof Dressing Cases, Holding Sponge, Tooth, Hair and Nail Brushes, &c. &c.	6	8
Soiled Linen Bags			5	0	Vulcanized India-rubber Travelling Baths	15	8
Gladstone or Expanding Bags			28	0	Waterproof Coats	7	8
Solid Leather Dressing Cases, fitted complete	from		13	8	Air Pillows	6	8
Travelling Baths, with inside basket.	from		25	0	Air Cushions	6	0
Travelling Canteens, fitted complete	from		33	0			
Ladies' Air-tight Dress Boxes, in Cases	28	0	to 38	0			

Celluloid Collar, Cuffs, and Shirt Fronts.

THORPE AND CO.,
RAMPART-ROW, BOMBAY.

BOURNE AND SHEPHERD,
PHOTOGRAPHERS
11, ESPLANADE ROAD,

STUDIO FOR PORTRAITURE OPEN DAILY FROM 9 A.M. TO 4 P.M.

PORTRAITS of all sizes and descriptions executed in oils, water colours and black and white, by thoroughly competent artists.

PHOTOGRAPHIC VIEWS
(Universally admitted to be the finest collection in the world)
Of India, Burmah, Ceylon and the Straits Settlements always available.
LISTS AND TERMS ON APPLICATION.
BRANCH HOUSES:
TALBOT HOUSE, SIMLA, AND 8, CHOWRINGHEE, CALCUTTA.

BY EASY PAYMENTS.
PRIZE MEDAL.

AMERICAN ORGANS, HARMONIUMS,

ALL 5 OCTAVES.

MESSRS. MARCKS & Co., Ld., have just unpacked a Consignment of the above, from a well-established English firm, and beg to offer them to the public on the Easy-Payment System.

INSPECTION RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED.

AMERICAN ORGANS. (1.)—Ten stops sub-base, Violetta, Clarion, Diapason, Bass, Vox Humana, Octave Coupler, Diapason Treble, Principal, Echo Forte—with Knee Swell.
Cash Rs. 520,—or by 12 equal monthly instalments of Rs. 48.
This Instrument has been carefully constructed, very powerful, the case being solid Walnut and specially made for India. Strongly recommended as a first-rate Instrument. Size 4ft. 7in. high, 3ft. 6 in. wide.
(2.)—FOUR STOPS.—Diapason, Forte, Dulciana, Vaix Celeste. Cash Rs. 325, or by 12 equal monthly instalments Rs. 30. Size 5ft. 3in. high; 3ft. 4in wide.
(3.)—NO STOPS.—A thoroughly strong Instrument for District use for which purpose it is specially manufactured. For cash with order Rs. 275, or by 12 equal monthly Instalments Rs. 25. Size 4ft. 6in. high; 3ft. 3in. wide.

HARMONIUMS,
ALL 5 OCTAVES.
Best finish, specially Manufactured for India, Solid Walnut Cases, for Cash Rs. 160, or by 12 equal monthly instalments Rs. 15. Size 2 ft. 7 in. high; 3 ft. 4 in. wide.

MARCKS AND COMPANY, LIMITED,
(OPPOSITE UNIVERSITY CLOCK-TOWER),
BOMBAY.

PURE
INDIAN (KANGRA VALLEY) TEAS.
MORTON, MAJU & CO.,
SUPPLIERS OF HIGH-CLASS TEAS TO MESSES, CLUBS, &c,
SOLE AGENTS FOR COL. HAWES' AND OTHER FIRST CLASS TEAS.

OUR celebrated and unrivalled TEAS of the choicest quality (from Col. HAWES' and other Plantations) cannot be surpassed by any other Teas in India. We offer our unsurpassable selection of the BEST and CHEAPEST Kangra Valley Teas, possessing an exceedingly fine and delicious flavour, a real Luxury to every Tea-Drinker.

Numerous Testimonials from different Connoisseurs prove that our Teas have enjoyed the highest reputation for their purity and delicacy of aroma. A LARGE STOCK of HOLTA TEAS on hand.

PRICE LISTS ON APPLICATION. 22, CHURCH-GATE-STREET, BOMBAY.

NOW READY.

[*ELEVENTH ANNUAL PUBLICATION.*]

MACLEAN'S GUIDE TO BOMBAY
AND
BOMBAY DIRECTORY
FOR
1886.

Printed and published at the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

The Publication for 1886 contains
PHOTOGRAPHS OF THREE OF THE
PRINCIPAL NATIVE CHIEFS
IN THE
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.

INDIAN PRICE—Rs. 5; WITH POSTAGE Rs. 5-4; ENGLISH PRICE—Ten Shillings.

The "GUIDE" contains a carefully arranged mass of local and general information, corrected to the latest practicable date; the DIRECTORY has been revised and enlarged, and made as correct and trustworthy as possible.

AGENTS IN LONDON:
Messrs. GEORGE STREET & Co., 30, Cornhill E. C. | Mr. P. S. KING, Canada Buildings, King St., Whitehall.
Messrs. TRUBNER & Co., Ludgate Hill, City. | Messrs. W. H. SMITH and Co., Strand.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

KEMP AND CO.'S
CIGARETTES.

				Rs.	a.
Finest Turkish Yenidje	Boxes of	500	.....	18	0
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,,	,, of	50	.....	2	0

RICHMOND CIGARETTES.

Opera Puffs	packets of	20	.....	0	14
Little Beauties	,, ,,	10	.....	0	6
,,	,, ,,	100	.....	3	0
Richmond Gem, half & half	,, ,,	20	.....	0	12
,, Straight cut	,, ,,	500	.....	15	0
,, (Bontoms)	,, ,,	20	.....	0	14
,, mild	,, ,,	20	.....	0	12
,, ,,	,, ,,	500	.....	15	0
Perfections	,, ,,	10	.....	0	6
The Pet	,, ,,	20	.....	1	0
,,	,, ,,	500	.....	24	0
Napoleons	,, ,,	10	.....	0	8
,,	,, ,,	500	.....	20	0

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BOMBAY.

THE FASHIONABLE AMUSEMENT
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Heliotrope.	Ylang Ylang.
Jasmin.	White Rose.
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Per Bottle, Re. 1 and Rs. 2.

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'TIS said "All Must Die."
Very likely true, but there are exceptions to every rule. The Scent of
GYMKHANA BOUQUET
Never dies. It is Everlasting.
Per Bottle .....Rs 2-0
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IN
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HAVE A LOOK
AT OUR SILVER LEVER WATCH at Rs. 35 before buying, and you will give it the preference before any other.
The Watch as it is now, is the result of 20 years experience in the Indian watch trade, and we guarantee it to be the most perfect watch ever offered to the public for such a small outlay.
Being the manufacturers ourselves, the buyer obtains the watch from first hand. This explains its cheapness.
The Watches are of medium size in heavy engine turned silver cases, either hunting or half hunting. Guarantee 3 years.
To be obtained only direct from our firms at Bombay, Calcutta, and Secunderabad.
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Lessee and Manager ... MR. FRAMJEE C. MEHTA.

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DRINK.

This celebrated Comedy Drama, which caused such a sensation in London, will be produced

TO-NIGHT, FRIDAY, 19TH FEB.,

With all the Original MUSIC and TABLEAUX.

New Scenery painted expressly for this piece.

THE GREAT SENSATION SCAFFOLDING SCENE,

Far surpassing anything ever yet produced in Bombay.

SATURDAY, 20th FEBRUARY,

First Appearance of

MISS CLARA VERE,

From the principal London Theatres, will appear in the charming Comedy SWEET HEARTS, and as the PRINCESS in the Popular Burlesque,

ALADDIN.

IN ACTIVE PREPARATION.

GILBERT & SULLIVAN'S Comic Opera,

IOLANTHE.

TICKETS and PLAN at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co., Ld.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

MIKADO! MIKADO!!

Owing to several inquiries about the Japanese Opera MIKADO, the Management have resolved to repeat the same

On MONDAY and TUESDAY, the 22nd and 23rd instant.

JUNAGADH RAILWAY.

WANTED—One good DRAFTSMAN and one good SURVEYOR, both natives. Surveyor required to be thoroughly competent in use of level and compass and able to plot his own surveys.

Apply stating salary and requiring sending copies of testimonials (which will not be returned) to

THE EXECUTIVE ENGINEER,
Junagadh Railway, Junagadh.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT TOSHAKHNA ARTICLES.

MESSRS. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their sale-room, on account of Government, on SATURDAY next, the 20th instant, at 3 p.m., certain Toshakhana articles, consisting of Bidri work, as also agate, bloodstone, and silver articles, carpets, genuine musk, &c. The articles are now on view at Messrs. Bennett & Co.'s sale-room.

Oriental Translator's Department, Secretariat, 18th February, 1886.

LADIES' ITALIAN PURE SILK HOSE.

Pure White, Sky, Pink, Ruby, Black, Cream..... Rs. 9-8 per pair

WATSON AND Co.,

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The *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY* prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe contains, in addition to all the News of the Week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.

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The Bombay Price Current contains—

A Specially-Written Market Report.
Freight Report, &c.
Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week.
Imports and Exports of Bullion.
Quotations of Imports and Exports, and Customs' Duties.
Comparative Summaries of Exports from Bombay, up to date as per Ships' Manifests, with the total Exports for the month, and for the same period as far back as 1879 and 1878 respectively.
Comparative Summaries of Imports of Piece-Goods and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month and the same period as far back as 1879 and 1878 respectively.
Share List and Rates of Exchange.
List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, arrivals and departures of Vessels during the week, and Vessels expected from Out and Home Ports.
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	Rs. a.
Post Office London Directory, 1886	25 0
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Bombay Army List, February	1 0
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Bacteriology; by E. M. Crookshank. Illust.	8 12
Light of Life, or Secrets of Vegetable and Animal Development	6 12
Hunterian Lectures 1885; by E. Lund	3 0
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George Eliot; by M. Lonsdale	1 0
Maine's Popular Government	7 8
Humanities; by T. Sinclair	2 4
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Braithwaite's Retrospect of Medicine, July to Dec. 1885	4 4
Indian Art Journal, No. 1and Nos. 3 to 8 each.	1 0
Ignorance, the cause of numerous Eye-diseases; by S. Lawrence	0 4
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NEW NOVELS.

Primrose Path; by Mrs. Oliphant	3 0
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Captain Dangerous's Adventures; by G. A. Sala	1 4
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Her Martyrdom	0 10
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'XMAS NUMBERS, ALMANACS, AND ANNUALS, LETTS'S DIARIES FOR 1886.

Times of India Calendar and Directory for 1886 Rs. 8 and	2 0
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Little Wide Awake	3 4
Whitaker's Almanac	0 10
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A PLEA FOR PRINCIPLE AND SOUND POLICY,

BY

TODAR MAL.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

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GLORIOUS SUCCESS!!!

TO-NIGHT, 19TH, AT 9 P.M., AND TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, AFTERNOON, AT 4-30 P.M.

GRAND PERFORMANCE

MR. VOLPI AND HIS WONDERFUL TRAINED ANIMALS.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under the scale.

MAHABLESHWUR READY-LAID DAK.—Framjee Ardaseer, Mail Contractor, appointed Dak Supplier in ordinary to H. E. the Governor of Bombay, has always on hand at Civil Lines, Poona, comfortable DAK PHAETONS and TONGAS. Terms moderate.

LADIES' HATS cleaned, re-shaped and trimmed, MRS. MARTIN, Practical Dress-maker and Milliner, 340, Grant-road, Bombay.

IF you want to send a good present as Souvenir from India to Europe buy a copy of our Album of Indian Views. Post free, Rs. 1 SHROFF BROTHERS.

FOR SALE—A very handsome Wooden Screen made by Winbridge. Can be seen at Colaba. Apply F., care of this paper.

A SMALL STORE-ROOM (may be used as an Office) in Apollo-street. Apply to PEARSE and Co.

WANTED TO LEND Rupees Five thousand on good security without interest, in consideration of an appointment with liberal salary. Apply A. B. C., this office.

TO-DAY'S ICES, Vanilla and Strawberry Cream, Rose Water, Ice, Wines and Spirits, Wholesale and Retail. Gilmanstores, Indian Condiments.—MORENAS & Co., General Merchants.

EXPERIENCED AYAH WANTED for voyage to England in April; must be a good sailor and accustomed to young children. Apply, stating terms, to S., care of GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co.

BOMBAY YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.—Usual Monthly Prayer Meeting this (FRIDAY) evening in Lecture Hall, Apollo-bunder, at half-past-eight. All Young Men cordially invited.

PIRATES of PENZANCE.—The Theatre plan may be seen at SOUNDY & Co., Limited, on SATURDAY, the 20th instant, from which date seats and boxes may be reserved. Usual prices.—E. FERRERS NICHOLSON, Honorary Secretary.

VEVEY CIGARS.—Direct from ORMOND & Co., Switzerland.
J. NEUBERG 5, Meadow-street.

FOR SALE, an English-built BUGGY, by Kesterton, in good order. Apply to A. C. TREVOR, Esq., Malabar Hill.

BOMBAY RACES.—Racing Boots made to order of any weight.—BADHAM, PILE, & Co., LD., Rampart-Row, Bombay.

JUST RECEIVED, Fast Dyed Khakee Drills at annas 5 and 5½ per yard. Try at Y. A. LACKA, near Jackeria Masjid, Bombay.

ROPES FOR SALE—HARTON'S OILED COIR and MANILLA. Apply OWEN & OKELL, Apollo-street.

MRS. COULSON, MILLINER and DRESS-MAKER, Boree Bunder, Ladies' Own Material made up. Charges moderate.

COOL, quiet, and comfortable quarters for one or two gentlemen only, on 2nd Floor, No. 3, Eiden-road, opposite High Court.

THE VIENNA CONFECTIONER—Ices, Wines and Spirits of the best quality only to be had at 3 Church-gate-street.

KIDD and SHADBOLT'S "SPADE BRAND" WHISKY, as used at the Club's. Sole Importers, PHIPSON and Co.

MATTERSON'S IRISH SAUSAGES, 11 as. per tin; Gruyere Cheese, 14 as. per lb.; Cheddar do. 13 as. per lb.—PEARSE, Apollo-street.

ADELPHI HOTEL, BYCULLA, near the Byculla and Grant-road Railway Stations. Situated in a quiet locality. Large airy Rooms.

JUST UNPACKED, a large and entirely new batch for Presents in Gold and Silver Jewellery and Indian Curiosities. Hurjimull and Co., Rampart Row.

GERMAN ASPARAGUS FOR SALE.—A few cases at Rs. 17 per dozen tins of 1½ lb. each. Apply to C. FLEMMING & Co., 12, Medow-street.

STILL MOSELLE AND BREAKFAST CLARET FOR SALE. Cheap, to close consignments. Apply to C. FLEMMING & Co., 12, Medow-street.

SUGGESTIONS regarding the new CODE of CIVIL PROCEDURE; by W. WEDDERBURN Bombay Civil Service. Price Re. 1; postage 1 anna.

REMOVED to corner of Rampart-row, opposite the Prince of Wales' Statue, and the Wellington Hotel.—KANNY & Co., Watch-makers and Jewellers.

COLD WEATHER TWEED SUITS, all wool, thoroughly shrunk, Rs. 18 to 25. Ladies' Ulsters from Rs. 20 each.—John Manomed and Co., 16 Meadow-street.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE to BOMBAY and BOMBAY DIRECTORY for 1886. Price, Rs. 5; with postage, Rs. 5-4. To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA SKY RACES, 1886. Tickets for admission to Grand and Native Stands and Enclosures can be obtained from LUDHA EBRAIM & Co., Byculla.

GREAT STOCK-TAKING SALE, at the Crawford Market Branch of the CASH BAZAAR, Limited, next door to Messrs. SHROFF BROTHERS. This and following days.

£6,466,527-17-5 STG. is the amount of the Invested Funds of the Standard Life Office. Claims by death paid last year, £249,974-10-10 Stg.

HAIR CUTTING SALOON.—Francis and Fucile, No. 38, Meadow-street, Bombay. Every requisite for toilet from the best markets in Europe. Saloons elegantly fitted up.

ARRIVAL OF NEW GOODS.—Furniture covering, in Tapestry, Damask, Reps, Cretonnes, Chintzes etc.—JOHN ROBERTS & Co., General House Furnishers, 18, Marine-street.

TO BE LET, furnished for six months, from 20th April, the house on Mount Pleasant, Malabar Hill, at present occupied by Mr. Walter Lang. Apply to W. Lang, Messrs. Lang, Moir & Co.

FIRE and GARDEN PUMPS.—Very handy Pumps for home and gardening, most useful at the time of fire. No house should be without one. A child can work at it. Rs. 5 only. ALEXANDER & Co., 3, Church-gate-street.

WANTED a competent DRESSMAKER to take charge of respectable about the end of March. Apply before the 23rd inst., stating experience and salary required to.—Messrs. COWMEADOW & Co., Simla.

NATIVE ART POTTERY WORKS, Wonderland Esplanade, Native Shapes and Designs, Medals Paris 1878, Amsterdam 1883, Calcutta 1883-84. Address Head Clerk, Pottery Works, Sir J. J. School of Art, Bombay.

MR. C. M. DECOSTA opens on the 1st April, 1886, at Mount Aou, the Rajputana Hotel, in the House lately occupied by General Watson, Agent, Governor-General, Baroda. Situation Central, Terms Moderate, attendance exceptional.

CUSTOM HOUSE FORMS.—MANIFEST and all other forms now in use in the Customs Department, printed on HOWARD and JONES'S PAPER, sold at the Custom House and at this office. For price per 1.0 apply to Manager.

PEARSE'S RESTAURANT.—Breakfasts, Tiffins, Dinners, Hot Joints from 1 till 3 p.m., Monthly Boarders taken.

SCOTTISH ORPHANAGE, MAHIM.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Society will be held at Mahim, on SATURDAY, the 20th instant, at 3-30., the Hon. Mr. Forbes Adam, chairman, in the chair.

The Distribution of prizes will take place at 4-30, when the Hon'ble Mr. Pelle has kindly consented to preside.

No cards of invitation are being issued, but all friends interested in the Orphanage are cordially invited to be present.

THOMAS LANG,
Hony. Secretary.

HISTORY OF THE PARSIS:

INCLUDING

THEIR MANNERS, CUSTOMS, RELIGION, AND PRESENT POSITION.

BY

DOSABHAI FRAMJI KARAKA, C. S. I.

With coloured and other illustrations.

IN TWO VOLUMES.

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SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY.
7, MARINE-STREET, BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

The sale of the Parell Spinning and Weaving Company's Mill is postponed until further notice.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 19th inst., sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Nesbit Lane, Byculla, opposite the Army Clothing Department, the valuable and handsome French-polished carved and plain household furniture, plated glass and crockery ware, handsome Japanese flower vases, rich table ornaments, first-rate pictures, table and hanging kerosine-oil lamps, a collection of choice plants in tubs and pots, &c., the property of E. I. BRANDON, Esq. The same comprises plain glassware handsome dinner, dess and tea service, plated cruet and pickle stands, coffee urn, breakfast cruet biscuit box, spoons and forks, butter pot, tea and coffee services in 4 pieces, Mappin's table cutlery, handsome black wood and teakwood furniture such as a set of teak-wood oval dining tables in 3 pieces, drawing room, pier, oval, round, side and Madras pattern dressing and washhand tables with or without marble tops, sideboard, whatnot, metal safe on stand, single and double screens, conversation and sofa couches, carved round teapoys, corner toilet book and hat stands, drawing room, folding, straight, bent-wood rocking and mallet pattern without arm chairs, chiffoniers, iron and teakwood single cots, wardrobe with mirror glass, clothes press, chest of drawers, dressing glass, a han Ghome almyra with mirror glass doors, handsome Brussels and Cambay carpets, handsome Japanese flower vases rich table ornaments, a magnetic machine in working order, table and hanging lamps, first rate pictures, bath, dispense and cookroom furniture, a collection of choice plants in tubs and pots, &c. &c.

The above is now on view.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 20th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Green Street, Fort, opposite the New Bombay Bank, the valuable and handsome French-polished black wood, teakwood and inlaid satin wood household furniture, plated and glassware, handsome dinner sets, pier glasses in gilt frames, handsome oleographs and flower-vases, table and hanging lamps, Brussels carpets, &c., the same comprises glassware, handsome dessert and tea services, French-polished blackwood and teakwood furniture such as round pier, oval, writing, dressing and washhand tables with or wit out marble tops, round teapoys, chiffoniers, conversation, reclining and sofa couches, drawing room, easy, folding, tentwood, arm and without arm chairs, teakwood double cots, wardrobe, clothes presses, single and double-seated perambulators, 1, 4 and 7 light hanging lamps, single and duplex burners, table lamps, handsome Brussels and velvet carpet, baby's trycicles, verandah benches, handsome oleographs in gilt frames, table ornaments, sets of zinc bathing tubs, &c., &c.

The above is on view.

USUAL WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

On MONDAY, the 22nd instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms—

10 bales grey dhoties.
8 " shirtings.
10 " T cloths.
8 cases prints.
5 " woollen cloths.
8 " handkerchiefs.
1 " nickle silver buckle elastic belts.
1 " 2 time pieces.
1 spectroscope.
1 lady's saddle.

AT 2-30 P.M.

1 handsome light glass-fronted brougham.
1 strong built office shigram
1 handsome light new victoria.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

On SATURDAY, the 27th instant, sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at "Minnie Lodge," Middle Colaba, near the Parsee Sanitarium, the valuable and handsome French-polished blackwood and teakwood carved and plain household furniture, plated glass and crockery ware, handsome Japanese flower vases, rich table ornaments, first-rate pictures, handsome ebony and alabaster vases and figures, reading books, a collection of choice plants in tubs and pots, &c., &c., the property of H. READ, Esq.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

FOR SALE ON COMMISSION.

A handsome Landau by Kesterton suitable for 1 or pair of horses in exce lent condition.

A handsome new victoria.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 19th February, 1886.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 5, APOLLO-STREET.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 20th instant, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their rooms, a quantity of grey and colored piece goods, &c.

1 first-rate Henry's patent single barrel rifle, by J. Tolley.

1 first-rate double barrelled B. L. C. I. gun, by Louis Siegler.

1 first-rate double barrelled B. L. C. I. rifle, by S. Grant.

29 dozen galvanized bath tubs, from 12 to 42 inches.

15 4-12 doz. quarts champagne, by G. H. Mumm & Co. (alleged).

7½ " " " "

8½ pints champagne. (alleged).

19½ " " " "

AT 1-30 P.M.

1 handsome strong English-built landau, by Kesterton, in very good order.

1 handsome strong single-seated office brougham, in very good order, made at the Bombay Saw Mills.

1 handsome strong English-built landau, in good order.

1 handsome strong-built high wheel dog-cart, in very good order.

1 strong grey country-bred mare, 5 years old, 13-2 high, fast, believed to be sound, goes in saddle and harness, carries a lady, a good hill pony.

1 boat-shape phaeton, in good order.

1 handsome strong miniature brougham, with bay horse and harness.

1 handsome strong second-hand glass-fronted miniature brougham, with bay horse and harness.

1 handsome strong pony cart, with bay pony and set of brass-mounted harness.

On SUNDAY, the 21st instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Dapuri Estate, Bandora Hill-road, a handsome and valuable blackwood and teakwood French-polished plain and carved household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, first-rate pictures and oleographs, rich table ornaments, one Soundy's Indian square piano, iron framed, excellent tone, rich flower vases, &c., &c., the property of M. M. LINDSLEY, Esq., the same comprises glassware, dinner, dessert and breakfast services, plated ware, such as tea-pot, coffee pot, cruet-stand, breakfast companion, spoons and forks, cutlery, &c., handsome blackwood and teakwood French-polished household furniture, such as a set of camp tables in 3 pieces, sideboard, dumb waiter, mallet and Madras pattern chairs, circular, pier, side, oblong and writing tables, easy, long and folding arm, and drawing room chairs, conversation sofas, teapoys with marble top, chiffoneer, corner whatnots, ornament stands, a mahogany grand square iano forte by Soundy and Co., fancy flower vases and rich table ornaments, Brussels carpets, iron four-post bedsteads, dressing and washing tables, dressing glasses, clothes and gown presses, chests-of-drawers, wearing apparel, &c.

The property is now on view.

AUCTION SALE of Arab and Persian horses, chargers, ponies, galloways, &c., at Mr. Abdool Razao Doobachie's Stables, Bhendy Bazaar, Parel Road,

On SUNDAY, the 21st inst., at 2 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the above-mentioned place the property of different Arab dealers leaving for their native country.

A valuable lot of Arab and Persian horses, chargers, ponies, galloways, &c., &c., which were left unsold on Sunday last.

The above is a good opportunity for gentlemen wishing to have good horses for riding or driving, as such opportunity very seldom occurs.

The horses are now on view at the stable.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT TOSHAKHANA ARTICLES.

Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will, TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 20th instant, at 3 p.m., sell by Public Auction at their sale-room, on account of Government, certain Toshakhan articles consisting of Bidri work, agate, bloodstone and silver, also carpets, genuine, musk &c.

The articles are on view.

On WEDNESDAY, the 24th inst., at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Medow Street, behind the Oriental Bank, the stock-in-trade of D. Cursetjee Majoo, consisting of millinery and fancy goods, toys, shop furniture, &c., &c.

Full particulars will be given hereafter, and the property on view 4 days before the sale.

AUCTION SALE of unclaimed goods, grain sweepings, cotton, &c., &c., at the G. I. P. R. Goods Depot, Ware-hander.

On FRIDAY, the 26th inst., at 2 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the abovementioned place.—

A quantity of unclaimed goods, grain sweepings, cotton, &c., &c.

On MONDAY, the 1st March next, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Upper Colaba, near the Observatory, the valuable and handsome plain and carved French-polished household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, handsome pictures and oleographs, rich table ornaments, handsome China and Japanese vases, a pair of very handsome fast-trotting iron grey Arab horses, 5 years old, both go in single and double harness, a handsome strong flea-bitten grey Arab horse, a handsome strong English-built 4-seated open carriage by Fulker, of Salisbury, a handsome strong four wheeled cart, a handsome strong-built tonga, sets of plated and brass mounted single and double harness, a collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots, &c., &c., the property of Colonel G. J. SMART.

Catalogues will be published, and the property on view 4 days before the sale.

ON COMMISSION SALE.

Rissaldar—Bay waler gelding with black points, 16 hands, 6 years old, fast in harness, and perfectly quiet. Has been constantly ridden. Price, Rs. 700.

Rossaidar—Match to the above, 15-3½, 7 years old. Price, Rs. 700.

N bleman—Chestnut Arab horse, 15 hands, 7 years, very showy, and capital hack; would make a good charger. Rs. 1,00).

Nick—Bay English horse, aged, very powerful and quiet in harness, 15-3½. Rs. 600.

The above horses can be seen any time at His Excellency the Governor's Bungalow, Malabar Point.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, 19th February, 1886.

INDISPENSABLE TO TRAVELLERS IN INDIA.

THE INDIAN TRAVELLER'S GUIDE,

A MONTHLY PUBLICATION containing time and fare tables of the Railway Companies' steam-boats and Dak companies, the routes between the principal Indian towns, tables of through-routes and fares from Bombay to places in India and abroad, short descriptive notices of all places of interest, the hill sanitaria, &c. With a new Coloured Map of India, showing every Railway station on the Indian lines. Price eight annas. Postage Free, published on the first of every month at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

SALES BY AUCTION.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & COMPANY,
41, MEADOW-STREET, BOMBAY.

SALE OF valuable and handsome household furniture, rich glass, plated and crockeryware, a valuable and handsome cottage piano (little used) and a rich hand-organ, electric time-piece, pictures, lamp, table ornaments, 1 cask of best claret, &c., at Mazagon, near the Nawab's Tank.

By order of the Executors of the last Will and Testament of the late Mr. Charles Zerrenner, Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co. will sell by Public Auction in the above-mentioned premises, the whole of the valuable and handsome household furniture, &c., THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 19th instant, the sale to commence at 1 p.m.

The same consisting of rich glass and crockery ware, dinner and dessert services, &c., furniture, containing teak and blackwood dining tables, sideboards, arm and without arm chairs, small cupboards, English-made walnut wood oval table, one drawing-room black shelf, and several easy and drawing-room chairs made by Deschamp & Co., conversation couches, chiffoniers, whatnot, teapoy, one handsome and valuable cottage piano, (little used) and one rich hand-organ (specially imported for Rajas) electric time pieces, barometers, table ornaments, R. O. rich lamps, pictures, iron double bedsteads, mirror-door almira, cloth press, dressing and wash-hand tables, bath tub, cooking utensils, matting, &c., &c.

A lot of plants in pots.

One cask of best claret lately imported.

Now on view.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.

Bombay, 19th February, 1886.

NOTICES.

BOMBAY CLUB.

THE HALF-YEARLY GENERAL MEETING will be held in the Club House, on FRIDAY, the 19th February, 1886, at 5-45 p.m.

JAS. B. HAWORTH,
Honorary Secretary.

Bombay, 19th January, 1886.

NOTICE.

MRS. HELEN BLAIR McDOUGALL CHRYSTAL and MR. SUBRAO APPAJEE TELANG have been ADMITTED PARTNERS in our firm from 1st January, 1886.

P. CHRYSTAL & Co.

TO BUILDERS, CONTRACTORS, AND OTHERS.
FIRE SALVAGE.

TENDERS INVITED for the MASONRY, IRON WORK, PILLARS, DAMAGED MACHINERY, and GEARING, and other salvage from the recent fire at the Goolam Baba Mills, Surat.

Apply to

F. J. KINGSLEY.
At Messrs. Killick, Nixon & Co., Bombay.

AT TONG WAH & Co., the best and cheapest CHINESE HOUSE in INDIA, can be had a large variety of superior CHINA TEAS, CHINESE CURIOSITIES of every description, CHINESE SILK CLOTH, &c., &c.

AN EARLY TRIAL SOLICITED.
No. 42, Kalbadevi-road.

ANTIPEGRIN.

FRESH SUPPLIES to hand. Apply to BRANDENBURG & Co.,
28, Bombay Green.

Bombay, 11th Feb., 1886.

SUN FIRE OFFICE.

ESTABLISHED 1710.

POLICIES opened on WAREHOUSES and SHOPS, MERCHANDISE, DWELLINGS, HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and other insurable property in Bombay and Mofussil at current rates, by

BENN, ASHLEY & Co., Agents.

CAINEVILLE DIOCESAN SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, MUSSOORIE.

WILL RE-OPEN on the 3rd of March, 1886, with a highly officient Staff of teachers. Some alterations have been made in the terms and course of study.

For prospectuses apply to

MRS. CLARKE,
Head Mistress,
Caineville, Mussoorie.

NOTICE is hereby given that on the evening of 1st instant, whilst I was coming from my works at Angio-Indian Spinning and Manufacturing Co., Ld., at Chinchpoogly, via Delisel, Parell, Clare Roads, to my house at Camatesepoora, TWO MARATHI LEDGERS for the Savan year 1937 and 1941 have been LOST.—Whoever may find the same is requested to bring and give them to me at my house No. 91, Camatesepoora, third street, shall receive a Reward of Rs. 25 for each book. A Bettary has been beaten for the same by Police authority on the 4th instant.

YENKU BALLOOJEE.

Bombay, 12th February, 1886.

ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND for the year ending 31st December, 1885, of 7½ per cent. per annum, on Shares allocated before 31st December, 1884, and 5 per cent. on Shares subsequently allotted, will be paid to Registered Shareholders on and after THURSDAY, the 25th instant, at the Office of the Company, No. 9, Elphinstone Circle.

By order of the Board of Directors,

D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A.,
Manager and Actuary.

Bombay, 13th February, 1886.

ORIENTAL LOAN ASSOCIATION.

THE NINTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of Shareholders of the Oriental Loan Association, Limited, will be held at No. 9, Elphinstone Circle, on FRIDAY, the 19th instant, at 4-30 p.m.

(1) To receive Directors' Report and Audited Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1885.
(2) Declare a Dividend.
(3) To elect a Director and Auditor.
(4) To transact any other Business that may be brought before the Meeting.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A.,
Managing Director.

Bombay, 10th February, 1886.

GOLD MEDAL TEA.

TRADE MARK K T E IN A TRIANGLE.

THE K T E TEAS, grown at an elevation of nearly 7,000 feet, reputed for their exquisite delicacy of flavour and aroma for which they have been awarded eight prizes, seven diplomas, and one first class certificate, are to be had from us in 1 lb. packets, and we respectfully solicit a trial from all who like a good cup of tea.

BOLTON AND COMPANY,

ESPLANADE ROAD.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.

TEAK LOG TIMBER.

TENDERS are invited for the supply of 1,700 tons of MOULMEIN TEAK SQUARED LOG TIMBER, under three separate specifications, for delivery at the Company's Locomotive Depot, Parel, Bombay.

The specifications and forms of Tender may be obtained on application at the Storekeeper Office, Parel.

Tenders must be made in strict accordance with the specifications and be addressed to the Agent.

No Tender will be entertained in which the Company's conditions have been altered.

Tenders must be sealed and endorsed "Tender for Teak Timber," and delivered at the Company's Offices, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay, by 1 p.m. (Gun-fire), on WEDNESDAY, the 10th March next, after which hour no Tender will be received.

Tenders must be accompanied separately by a deposit of Rs. 1,000, or the Tender will not be received.

The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

ALFRED KING,
Storekeeper.

Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 15th February, 1886.

NORTH-WEST PROVINCES JUTE MILL COMPANY, Ld., CAWNPORE.

TO supply the public with a quality of FLOOR CLOTH of the strength and durability of Jharries, and yet at as low a cost as they paid heretofore, for cotton floor cloth (called farash), this Company is now prepared to offer at the low rates varying from As. 4 to As. 6 per yard, heavy jute woven and printed FLOOR CLOTHS, width 2 and 40 inches, respectively, in a variety of patterns and colours.

Floor Cloths and Jharries made up to any required size with neat broad borders to match pattern, much improving the look of the cloth.

Hall Carpets, 7' by 4', of various neat bright patterns, at Re. 1 each.

Door Mats, 4' by 2', of various neat bright coloured patterns, at As. 8 each.

The attention of District Officers is particularly called to the above Floor Cloth, which, if sewn together to fit any tent, would be at one-third of the cost of Durries.

For Patterns and further particulars apply to the MANAGING AGENTS.

NEW LAND THE REVENUE POLICY OF THE BOMBAY GOVERNMENT:

TAXATION OF SUBSOIL WATER

AT THE

FORTHCOMING REVISION SETTLEMENTS IN GUJARAT,

BEING

A REPRINT OF ARTICLES AND LETTERS CHIEFLY FROM THE *BOMBAY GAZETTE*,

WITH

An Appendix containing the Resolutions of the Bombay Government, dated the 26th March and 25th July, 1884, respectively.

Price, 1 Re.; postage, 1 Anna.

Bombay Gazette Office, Rampart-row.

BANKS.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.

SUBSCRIBED and PAID-UP CAPITAL..... 43,200,000
RESERVE FUND 800,000

LONDON BANKERS
BANK OF ENGLAND,
UNION BANK OF LONDON,
Messrs. C. J. HAMBRO & SON.

LONDON OFFICE—52, THREADNEEDLE STREET E. C

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.
DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application. No deposits received for less than thirty days.
LETTERS OF CREDIT payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.
DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks received for customers without charge, if remitted some through the Bank.

C. LOWELL, Manager.

Rampart Row, W.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, (Ld.)

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on Current Deposit Accounts at 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balances up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no Interest will be allowed on balances under Rs. 1,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives money on Fixed Deposit at rates which may be learned on application.

EXCHANGE.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills payable in London, Calcutta, Madras, Kurrachee, and Colombo. It also grants Drafts on London and its Branches and Agencies at the Current Rates of Exchange.

By Order of the Directors,
WM. A. BAKER, Manager.

NEW ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION, Limited.

PAID-UP CAPITAL.....£500,000.

LONDON BANKERS:
UNION BANK OF LONDON.
BANK OF SCOTLAND.

DEPOSITS are received at the undermentioned Rates of Interest:—

FIXED, for 12 months ..... 5 per cent. per annum,
" " 6 " ..... 4 per cent. "
and for other periods subject to special arrangement.

INTEREST at 2 per cent. is allowed on current accounts daily balances not exceeding Rs. 25,000.

DRAFTS granted on London, Scotland, and Ireland and the Bank's Agencies in the East.

SECURITIES received for Custody; no commission charged on withdrawal. Interest and Dividends collected and the purchase and sale of Securities effected.

CLAIMS on the Official Liquidator of the Oriental Bank Corporation are purchased for cash or exchanged for Fixed Deposits of the New Oriental Bank on terms to be learned on application.

A. F. SIMPSON, Manager,
Bombay Branch.

WINES SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

NOTICE.

PHIPSON & Co. are now IMPOR

BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Band, Marine Battalion, Esplanade, 5-45 p.m.
Band, 2nd Battalion E. Y. Regt., Apollo-bunder, 6 p.m.
Chinchli Agricultural Horse and Cattle Show.
General Meeting, Bombay Club, 5-45 p.m.
Departure of English mail, 6 p.m.
Alfred Theatre, Mr. Voipi, 9 p.m.

VESSEL ARRIVED.—The following vessel arrived yesterday :—H. M. S. Mariner, from Trincomalie.

VESSEL SAILED.—The following vessel sailed yesterday :—Frunaberg (Australian man-of-war), for Persian Gulf.

MUSIC AT THE ESPLANADE BANDSTAND.—The following programme o music will be played by the band of the Marine Battalion at the Esplanade Bandstand, this evening, at 5-45 :—

Lancers	La Fille de Madame Augot	D'Albert.
Operatic Selection	Il Trovatore	Verdi.
Valse	Bid me Goodbye	Camors.
Grand Selection	Martha	Flotow.
Valse	Fairie Voices	Crowe.
Polka	Black and Tan	Lowthian.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

MUSIC AT THE APOLLO-BUNDER.—The following programme of music will be played by the band of the 2nd Battalion East Yorkshire Regiment, at the Apollo-bunder, this evening, at 6 :—

March	Hearts and Homes	Murdoch.
Overture	to Semiramide	Rossini.
Selection	Manteaux Noirs	Godfrey.
Valse	Caro Fior	Mazurat.
Reminiscences of	Meyerbeer	Godfrey.
Lancers	Vocal	Allen.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s.s. Lucinda and s.s. Breuda left the dock yesterday.

A VAGRANT.—John Lonargan, a European, was yesterday declared a vagrant by Mr. C. P Cooper, and was ordered to be sent to the Government Workhouse.

POSTAL NOTICE.—The next China and Australian Mails per s.s. Hydaspes will be closed at the General Post Office, Bombay, on Saturday, the 20th instant, at 7 a. m.

A DISTINGUISHED VISITOR AT THE HIGH COURT.—His Highness the Nabob of Savanoor visited the High Court yesterday morning, and sat for some time on the bench in Mr. Justice Bayley's court. His Highness was then shown over the building.

BREACH OF MUNICIPAL BYE-LAWS.—Boodoo Chand, a Mahomedan butcher, was yesterday charged at the instance of Mr. F. C. Higgins, the superintendent of markets, before Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee, with bringing into Bombay diseased buffalo meat from Cooria not slaughtered at the Municipal slaughter-houses at Bandora, and without a permit from the Municipal Commissioner. Accused pleaded guilty to the charge, and was fined Rs. 10.

CONVERSAZIONE AT CAVEL.—A correspondent writes.—A conversazione, presided over by Dr. Lisboa, took place at Cavel on the evening of the 14th inst., among many of the natives of Assagora, Goa, resident in Bombay. The occasion was a feast that annually takes place on that day in their native village. The hall where the meeting was held was tastefully decorated and illuminated and refreshments provided; speeches were delivered, and the health of those present and the villagers generally was drunk with enthusiasm; the party dispersed after 11 o'clock. This is the first time that such a gathering has been held.

FOUND DEAD.—A coroner's inquest was held yesterday at the Morgue, Cammatteepoora, on view of the body of a newly-born male child, which was found tied up in a bundle and lying in Mooltan Lane, on Wednesday, with the foot protruding out of the bundle. The body was in a far advanced state of decomposition. Dr. Sidney Smith, the coroner's surgeon, said the body had bruises on the face and cheek, appearing caused by the face coming into contact with the gravel and dirt. From the *post-mortem* appearances, he was of opinion that the child was born dead. The jury returned the following verdict :—"That the dead body of a newly-born male child was found in Mooltan Lane, but whether it was naturally still-born or prevented living, there is no evidence to say."

BIRTHS AND DEATHS IN BOMBAY.—The total number of deaths registered during the week ended on Tuesday, 16th February, was 424, being 24, less than than the previous week. 58 less than in the week ending 17th February, 1885, and 62 less than the mean of the corresponding period in the preceding five years. During the week 288 births were reported in the different districts of the city. The rate of mortality per 1,000 of population per annum was 24·94, calculated on the increase of population since 1885. There were 102 deaths from remittant fever, being 18 less than in the previous week, and 21 more than in the same period last year. The deaths from diseases of the respiratory system, diarrhœa, and dysentery were last week 32,19, and 11 respectively, as compared with 88,20, and 16 in the same last year.

THE PORTUGUESE PADROADO.—A correspondent writes as follows:—The Right Rev Dom Ayres de Gowea, Bishop of Bethsaida, now at Lisbon, and who was some years ago Minister for Home Affairs at the Court of Lisbon, stated openly in the pulpit his views on the question of the Ecclesiastical patronage in the East. He told his audience that Portugal had no business to insist on retaining the Padroado in British India, and that the moment the Pope wished her to give it up, he asked why should Portugal be so solicitous about the subjects of Queen Victoria, when the ministers were leaving their own people in the Colonies to perish. That the Padroado, as it is, merely served the purposes of *politica* (party strife). Our correspondent adds that this utterance, coming as it does from such a great man, is very significant.

FIRE AT PINJRAPOLE.

ABOUT a quarter-past 3 o'clock yesterday morning, a fire broke out on the ground-floor of a one-storied house occupied by a number of *rekha* drivers, situated at Pinjrapole, 1st lane. The fire rapidly spread to the floor above, and the whole of the building was soon in one mass of flames, which extended to six sheds occupied by coach-builders, coopers, and sawyers, immediately at the back of the house. These were also burnt down. The fire then caught a godown on the opposite side of the street. At this time the steam fire-engines, which arrived there from the several Fire Brigade stations, Byculla, Pydownee, and the Fort, were set into full play. The chief turncock and his staff were there, and rendered assistance. The three steam-engines were supplied from the new 20-inch Vihar main, lately laid in Cowasjee Patel-street, and the supply of water was plentiful and stopped the progress of the fire. Every effort was made to check its further progress, and by 5-15 a. m. it was got under complete control. Great confusion was caused by the removing of carriages, &c., from the coach-builders' sheds, and with great difficulty the Cowasjee Patel Tank Road was kept clear by the police. By the united efforts of the police and the Fire Brigade, two dwelling-houses were saved from destruction. The Deputy Commissioner of Police, Mr. Geil, and Superintendent Crummey, with a large body of European police officers, repaired to the scene of the fire immediately the alarm was raised. It is said to have originated from a pile of cowdung cakes and a quantity of dry grass that were lying in a heap. The damage to property, which belonged to nine different persons, Parsees, Hindoos, and Mahomedans, is roughly estimated at Rs. 59,800.

THE BELLARY PRESS COMPANY.

THE fourteenth ordinary general meeting of the Bellary Press Company was held yesterday afternoon, Mr. Damodardas Tapidas presiding. The following was the directors' report submitted to the meeting :—

In laying before you the audited balance-sheet and profit and loss account for the year ending 31st December, 1885, your directors are glad to inform you that the net profit amounts to Rs. 10,348-9-9, this, when added to the balance of Rs. 61-1-3 of the last year, amounts to Rs. 10,309-11-0, out of which an *ad interim* dividend of Rs. 15 per share, amounting to Rs. 2,625, had been already paid, leaving a balance of Rs. 7,684-11-0, which they have apportioned as follows :—For dividend at the rate of Rs. 20 per share for the half-year ending 31st December, 1885, Rs. 3,500 ; transferred to Reserve Fund account Rs. 1,000 ; transferred to Depreciation Fund account Rs. 3,000 ; balance carried to next year's account, Rs. 184-11 ; total, Rs. 7,684 11. The contract for the lease of the Bellary and Adoni factories expires on the 30th April, 1886. The directors are trying to lease the two factories, if not they will work the presses at the company's account. To work the Adoni Factory with advantage it is necessary to order out a finisher as mentioned in our previous report as well as to have new boilers and engines, the present ones being old and not able to do the work when the finisher is added. Your directors are making inquiries whether it will be more advantageous to erect the Adoni press with a new finisher in another locality, where there is less competition and better market with a larger crop of cotton. The press building of Adoni Factory requires repairs, one of the walls is in a dilapidated condition.

On the chairman's motion the above report was unanimously adopted. A dividend was declared of Rs. 20 per share. Mr. Motiram Bhagoobhoy, who retired by rotation, was re-elected a director of the company ; and Mr. Gangadas Kisordas was appointed auditor, for the current year, at a remuneration of Rs. 50. A hearty vote of thanks was passed to the chairman and directors for the satisfactory manner in which the business of the company was conducted.

The proceedings terminated with a vote of thanks to the chairman.

PHILLIPS' TARAXACUM and PODOPHYLLIN—A tonic and gentle laxative, removing and preventing sluggishness of the liver, so prevalent in tropical climates. Per bottle, Rs. 1-8.—PHILLIPS and Co., Ld., Bombay and Poona.

THE ROYAL ALFRED SAILORS' HOME.

THE annual meeting of the friends and supporters of the Home was held yesterday in the library room, to receive the committee's report for the year 1885. Mr. F. W. Stevens, a member of the committee, was called to the chair. Mr. G. W. Mayhew, the honorary secretary, read the following report of the directors for 1885 :—

1. The directors of the Royal Alfred Sailors' Home have much pleasure in presenting to the subscribers and others interested in the institution their forty-eighth annual report.

2. On reference to the balance sheet, it will be found that the income has been sufficient to meet the current expenses, and leave a small balance at credit.

3. The total number of officers and seamen of all ratings who were boarded in the Home during the year was 11,313, the daily average being 30·99, an increase, of 6·41 compared with the previous year's daily average. The admissions of officers were more by 6, and that of seamen less by 135. The greatest number accommodated in the Home at any one time was 111, which included casual boarders, chiefly man-of-war's men on leaves from their ships ; the least number was 12. There has been a falling off in the number of casual visitors, compared with previous years, owing to the absence of the Flag Ship and other vessels of the Royal Navy.

4. During the year 52 destitute officers and seamen were received into the Home, including the ship's company of the S. S. Seraglio, which experienced a cyclone and foundered about 350 miles from Bombay in June last. The ship's company, 23 in number, reached this port in an open boat on the morning of the 17th June, after being exposed alternately to extreme heat and heavy rain for four days. Several were in an exhausted state when they arrived, and eight of the number had to be sent to the European General Hospital for treatment.

The officers and men were unable to save any of their personal effects ; and had no clothing beyond what they had on. As soon as their destitute condition became known to the public, both clothes and money were sent to the Home for them, and in a short time they each had a stock of clothes more than sufficient for their wants. The officers, engineers, and most of the crew were sent home by the Shipping Master, the remainder shipped by different vessels in port. The captain, chief officer and carpenter of the ship Copeland Isle, which was wrecked off Comptа on the 10th June, were received into the Home on the 28th idem. They had lost all their effects and were provided with clothing from the supply forwarded to the Home by the public. The captain was sent to Calcutta, the chief officer to Madras, and the carpenter to England.

5. The admissions into the European General Hospital during the year were 93, of this number 10 were attacked with cholera, 6 of whom died. The cases of cholera occurred during the monsoon season when the Home was full. After the first seaman was admitted into hospital the Health Officer was communicated with, and his chief assistant made a thorough inspection of the building and outhouses to ascertain their sanitary condition, and expressed himself well satisfied with the cleanliness of every portion, and remarked that cholera could not possibly have occurred through want of proper sanitary arrangements. However it was deemed expedient to take every possible precaution to prevent the spread of the disease, and the building and outhouses were thoroughly fumigated, and powerful disinfectants used for several days. Some of the seamen attacked with cholera stated to Dr. Barbour that they first experienced symptoms of the disease after drinking lemonade obtained in the bazaar. Dr. Barbour, therefore, thought it desirable to have printed notices placed in conspicuous parts of the building, cautioning the inmates against using aerated waters and cold drinks sold in the bazaar. The directors' thanks are due to Dr. Barbour for his prompt attendance when called upon, and for his kind interest in each case to seamen suffering from small ailments not necessitating their being sent to hospital, and was also able to afford some relief to those stricken with cholera.

6. The Home was visited during the year by several ladies and gentlemen, some of whom placed on record in the Visitors' Book the satisfaction they felt at the arrangements made for the comfort of seamen visiting this port.

7. The canteen arrangements continue to work satisfactorily.

8. The messing has been carried on as heretofore. The charge for officers has been Rs. 1-8 and for seamen Re. 1 per diem, which includes washing. the use of a sleeping suit, and a supply of soap and towels for use in the lavatory.

9. The Home has been amply supplied with English newspapers and periodicals, the cost being defrayed from the interest accruing on the "Henry Memorial Fund." The daily newspapers have also been supplied to the Home, and the directors have to thank the proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette* for supplying a copy daily gratis, and the proprietor of the *Times of India* for supplying a copy of his daily issue at half price. They have also to thank Messrs Claridge & Co. for supplying, gratis, a copy of their *English Mail* on the arrival of each mail.

10. During the year Messrs. F. D. Parker and F. Bozzoni resigned their seats at the board consequent upon their leaving Bombay.

11. The superintendent of the Home, Mr. Lauder, has as hitherto conducted his duties in an efficient manner, and continues in the confidence of the board.

The following resolutions were unanimously agreed to :—

Proposed by Mr. G. A. Manson, and seconded by Mr. I. M. Shiels, that the report of the directors, together with a statement of the accounts, be received and adopted, and that they be printed and circulated in the usual manner.

Proposed by Mr. W. M. Macaulay, and seconded by Mon. M. Foilett, that the best thanks of this meeting are due to those friends who have so liberally contributed to the support of the Home, and to those who by their frequent visits have testified their continued interest in the institution.

Proposed by Dr. Barbour, and seconded by Mr. Bozzoni, that the retiring directors be re-elected, and that Captain Hext, Mr. W. G. Mayhew and Mr. I M Shields be invited to resume (under section 7 of the articles of association) their offices of president, honorary secretary and honorary treasurer, respectively.

The proceedings terminated with a vote of thanks to the chairman.

ELECTION BY THE BENCH OF JUSTICES.

THE following is a list of candidates for election by the Bench of Justices as members of the Municipal Corporation :—

1. The Hon. Rao Saheb V. N. Mundlik. Proposed by Mr. W. Macaulay and seconded by Mr. Sorabjee S. Bengalee. The same gentleman has been proposed by Mr. Vinayekrao Madhowdas and seconded by Mr. Jairaj Feerbhoy. Also proposed by Mr. Jamsetjee D. Wadia and seconded by Mr. Grattan Geary.

2. Mr. David Goatling. Proposed by Mr. Grattan Geary and seconded by Mr. Nanabhoy B. Jejeebhoy.

3. Mr. Javerilal Umiashankar. Proposed by Mr. Grattan Geary and seconded by Mr. R. N. Khote.

4. Lieut.-Colonel A. B. Portman. Proposed by Mr. Nanabhoy B. Jejeebhoy and seconded by Mr. R. N. Khote.

5. Mr. Pherozshaw M. Mehta. Proposed by Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy and seconded by the Hon. K. T. Telang.

6. Khan Bahadoor Muncherjee C. Murzban. Proposed by Major-General H. F. Hancock and seconded by Major William Merriman. Also by the Hon. Mr. Dadabhai Naorojee, and seconded by the Hon. Mr. K. T. Telang.

7. Mr. Grattan Geary. Proposed by Mr. Nanabhoy B. Jejeebhoy and seconded by the Hon. Mr. F. Forbes Adam.

8. Mr. Hormusjee Dadabhoy. Proposed by Sir Munguldas Nathoobhoy and seconded by the Hon. Mr. K. T. Telang.

9. Hurrychund Sadashewjee. Proposed by Mr. Gunpatrao M. Pitale and seconded by Mr. Anna Moreshwar Kunte.

10. Mr. P. C. De'Souza. Proposed by Dr. H Cook and seconded by Mr. Byramjee Jejeebhoy.

11. Mr. Cowasjee Dady Limjee.—Proposed by Mr. W. E. Hart and seconded by Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy.

12. Mr. Geo. Cotton. Proposed by Mr. Nanabhoy B. Jejeebhoy and seconded by Mr. Hurkisondas Narotamdas.

13. Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee. Proposed by the Hon. Mr. F. Forbes Adam and seconded by Mr. Sorabjee S. Bengalee.

14. Surgeon-Major James Arnott. Proposed by Surgeon-Major Henry Cook and seconded by Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy.

15. Mr. Bhaishankar Nanabhai. Proposed by Mr. J. Jefferson and seconded by Mr. Lakhmidas Khimjee.

16. Mr. Jehangeer Cowasjee Jehangeer. Proposed by Mr. Wm. Wordsworth and seconded by Mr. M. M. Bhownuggree.

17. Mr. K. N. Kabrajee. Proposed by the Hon. Mr. Justice Bayley and seconded by Mr. Sorabjee S. Bengalee.

18. Dr. Thomas Blaney. Proposed by Mr. Sorabjee S. Bengalee and seconded by Mr. Hurkisondas Narotomdas.

19. Mr. Jehangeer B. Murzban. Proposed by Col. A. B. Portman and seconded by Mr. Sorabjee S. Bengalee.

20. Mr. Anandrao Narayen Wassoodev. Proposed by the Hon. Mr. Justice Bayley and seconded by Mr. Nanabhoy B. Jejeebhoy.

21. Mr. Shantaram Narayen. Proposed by Mr. R. N. Khote and seconded by Col. A. B. Portman.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills.—Female Complaints.—On the mothers of England devolves much and serious responsibility in securing for their daughters robust health ; frequently alas ! those unwisely sacrificed by culpable bashfulness at a particular period of life, when all important changes take place in the female constitution, upon the management of which depends future happiness or misery. Holloway's Pills, especially if aided with the Ointment, have the happiest effect in establishing those functions, upon the due performance of which health and even life itself depend. Mother and daughter may safely use these powerful deobstruent remedies without consulting any one. Universally adopted as the one grand remedy for female complaints these Pills never fail, never weaken the system, and always bring about the desired result.

HIGH COURT.—FEBRUARY 18.

DISPUTE BETWEEN MOTHER AND SON.

SIR WILLIAM WEDDERBURN has given his decision in the suit in which Mr. C. A. Turner, as the Official Assignee of the estate of an insolvent named Ruttonsey Kessowjee, claimed to recover property amounting to about Rs. 25,485 from the insolvent's mother. As we have already reported, the suit was brought by the Official Assignee on information supplied to him by Ruttonsey against his own mother. The insolvent's own story was that on a partition of the family property he had received for his share ornaments worth over Rs. 9,000 and certain immovable property worth about Rs. 16,000. Two or three years ago, he incurred some debt, and having a strong tendency to indulge in speculative transactions, he feared he might some day get into still more embarrassed circumstances. He therefore made, according to his own story, a fictitious transfer of his property to his mother, in order to put it out of reach of his creditors. Having effected this conveyance, he filed a petition in the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, where his application for an interim order granting personal protection was twice refused by the Commissioner. "When he saw that his choice lay between going into voluntary exile in his native country, Cutch, and having his person seized in execution of the claims against him, he applied to his mother to pay of his debts. But she refused to part with any portion of the property in her possession, saying that the ornaments were her own *streedhan*, and that the immovable property had come into her possession by a *bona fide* conveyance effected for valuable consideration. In despair, Ruttonsey went to the Official Assignee and made a clean breast of it to him. The mother stated that her son had brought a false claim against her, because she refused to encourage his dissolute and extravagant habits by supplying him with funds. After going into the evidence, his Lordship decided that the ornaments should go to the Official Assignee as belonging to the estate of the insolvent. But as for the immovable property, the Judge held that there was no sufficient evidence to set aside the conveyance. Each party agreed by consent to pay his own costs.

APPELLATE SIDE.

(Before Mr. Justice NANABHOI HARIDAS and Mr. Justice JARDINE.)

USING A FORGED DOCUMENT.

THE EMPRESS VS. ANANDRAM RANCHOD.

THIS was an appeal from a decision of Mr. A. Shewan, Joint Session Judge of Kaira, who convicted the accused of forging a document purporting to be a receipt acknowledging the payment of money, and with using the same. Mr. Branson, with Mr. Motilal Moogootlal, appeared for the accused.

The accused was a karkun under the Government Mahalkari of Jambughoda in the Panch Mahals, and he was charged with forging a document purporting to be executed by one of two brothers as that time carried on business jointly at the same place. The Sessions Judge, differing from the assessors, found the accused guilty. In awarding sentence, Mr. Shewan took into consideration the fact that in certain effect of the conviction, if upheld, would be the ruin of accused's career as a Government servant. That was in itself a severe punishment for his foolish and wicked act, but the Sessions Judge felt that forgery of a valuable security was a serious offence under any circumstances and that something more than a merely nominal punishment was required. The accused was sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for eighteen months.

Mr. Branson, on behalf of the accused, went at great length into the details of the alleged forgery, remarking that the lower Court had erred in relying upon the account rendered by the complainant ; that the lower Court had not given due weight to the admitted probabilities of the case ; that the assessors had found the accused not guilty on both the charges ; and that the lower Court had drawn presumptions not warranted by the evidence on the record.

Their Lordships directed the record and proceedings to be sent for. The accused was ordered to be admitted to bail on his entering into a recognisance for Rs. 300, and giving two sureties for Rs. 300 each.

(Before Mr. Justice BIRDWOOD and Mr. Justice JARDINE.)

FRAUDULENT USE OF A DECREE.

THE EMPRESS *VS.* BAPUJEE DAYARAM.

THIS was an appeal from a decision of Mr. H. Batty, Joint Sessions Judge of Ahmedabad, who convicted the accused of verifying an application, and therein falsely stating that the sum of Rs. 328-10-8 was on the 10th June, 1885, due to him under a decree ; and with attempting fraudulently to cause a decree to be executed to that amount. Accused was sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for eight months and to pay a fine of Rs. 200, or in default two months' further rigorous imprisonment. Mr. Coltman appeared for the accused in person, and the acting Government Pleader for the Crown.

The points for the consideration of the Sessions Judge were :—1, Is the verification or the presentation of the *darkhast*, *i. e.*, application, omitting mention of unrealized payments out of court, an offence ; and if so, under what section ? 2, Is accused also liable to punishment in such case for the deposition of 9th July ? 3, Have the adjustments and payments alleged by the accused been proved ? After going into the particulars of the case, which are of no public interest, Mr. Batty said there was no doubt that a judgment debtor, allowing a private payment to remain unverified, loses his money irretrievably, but the question in the case was, was it the intention of the Legislature to allow an astute creditor to take advantage of his superior knowledge of the technicalities of procedure in such a way as to enforce with impunity the recovery of a sum which he knows is not but due has already been paid, and thus to extend the *regis* of the Civil Procedure Code to shield an unquestionable fraud from all inquiry and punishment ? Mr. Batty found that the decree used by the accused had been in fact satisfied in part. The offence was a serious one, as it was deliberate and prompted entirely by a most unrighteous greed, and it deserved a somewhat exemplary punishment. The Session Judge, concurring with the assessors, found the accused guilty on the first head of the charge, namely, that he verified an application and therein falsely stated that the sum of Rs. 328-10-8 was due to him under a decree, a statement upon a point material to the object for which the declaration was made ; that he was guilty of attempting fraudulently to cause a decree to be executed after it had been satisfied ; and sentenced the accused as stated above.

It was urged for the accused that the lower Court was wrong in holding that the verification or presentation of a *darkhast*, omitting mention of unrecorded payments out of Court, was an offence ; that the lower Court had misconstrued sections 235 and 258 of the Civil Procedure Code ; that the sentence passed by the lower Court was excessive, considering the age of the accused and other circumstances, &c.

Their Lordships dismissed the appeal as regarded offences under certain of the sections of the Penal Code, but reversed the conviction and sentence as regarded section 199. In all other respects the sentence remained unchanged.

FEBRUARY 19.

(Before the Hon. the CHIEF JUSTICE and the Hon. Mr. Justice BAYLEY.)

Appeals for hearing and final disposal.

503—Little, F and M—Nowrojee Nanabhoy Bhugwan and another—Macfarlane and E.

506—Payne, G and S—Ardeslr Nowrojee Davur and another vs Nowrojee Rustomjee Motabhoy and another.—Nanu and H.

Reference from the Bombay Court of Small Causes.

18,691-84—In person.—Tookaram Mahadji vs Jankee.

Appeals.

500—Jefferson, B and D—Choonilal Saukulchund and another vs The New Fleming S and W Co—Ardesir and H.

507—Payne, G and S—Radhabai alias Taibai vs Bhagirthibai and another—Chalk and W.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice SCOTT.)

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

33-85—Winter and B—Nurromamdas Visbhoocundas and an other vs Hurrichund Ramchundra and others—M Munshi—Part heard.

452-84—Tobin and J—Narayen Janardhun Chhatre vs Venayek Cassinath Madhalay—Wadia and G.

398-84—Thakurdas D and C—Janmahomed Cassum vs Yalub Mahomed bin Rujub Tyabji and D.

208-85—Hore, C and B—Waghjee Thackersey and others vs Khatao Raojee—Little, S F and N.

427-84—E. Wilkin—Balram Dungaram and another vs Mahomedaliy Dossajl—R Skipsey.

65-85—Payne, G and S—Muddury Narasinhum and others vs Hajee Mahomed Raza Shirazee and others—Shamrao P.

143-84—Macfarlane and E.—Tricum Panachund vs The H B and C I Ry Co and others—T and D. H. C. and B, W and B, and L, 3, F, and N.

75-85—Thakurdas and D—Cursetji Allibhoy vs Allibhoy Hussonally, Pestonjee and it.

230-83—Tyabjee and D—Joosub Abdulla and others vs Amerudin bin Mahomed Hoosen Khatib and others—Mirza, H. K and in person.

374-83—Payne, G and S—Memon Joonas Hajee Ahmed vs Memon Hajee Ahmed Hajee.

(Before the Hon. Sir WILLIAM WEDDERBURN.)

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

473-85—Payne, G and S—Somnathoy Gangji and another vs Ebrahimbhoy Currimbhoy—Part heard.

388-85—Janardhun G—Dhondu Damodhur Surway vs C.A. Turner and others—In person.

390-85—A. Turner—Ismailji Valiji vs Abdoolally Tyab Futtehally—F Balkrishna and B.

392-85—Little, S. F and N—Morarji Khimji vs Purshotum Tricumji—In person.

135-85—Winter and B—The Eastern Electric Light Co vs Premchund Roychund and another—Ardesir and H.

395-85—Payne, G and S—R Brancer vs Hormusji Nowrozi Davur—Ardesir and H.

400 85—Ardesir and H—The New Fleming S and W Co vs Lakhamsey Lalji and others—C and W, P, G and S and L, S, F and N.

HOW THE COMPLEXION IS RUINED.—It is well known to the medical faculty that the majority of skin diseases are caused, and the complexion ruined, by the use of impure and irritant soaps. The more delicate the skin, the quicker its ruin. The Ibion Milk and Sulphur Soap is the purest, the mildest, and most emollient of all the many toilet soaps before the public. Recommended by the entire medical profession. Beautifully white. Delicately perfumed. It is a boon to sensitive skins, and as a shaving soap, it is unequalled. Sold in Tablets by all Chemists.

MOSQUITO SCIENCE.

Dr. C. Bonavia writes to an up-country paper,—Many years ago I took to making observations on this insect. On the wall round a lamp I saw numerous varieties, at least a dozen. Some were small, others large, some light-coloured, others dark, some had striped legs, and so on. Everyone, I suppose, knows that the mosquito in its larval stage is a water-insect. Under the microscope its larva is a perfect fright. It swims S-fashion, and now and again it comes to the surface, turns head downwards, and puts a tube-like apparatus situated near its tail at the surface of the water. This, they say, is its air-breathing apparatus. Its chrysalis has a head like that of a cat, with a pair of ears (I write from memory). The shape of this chrysalis is like a large comma, and it swims-fashion. In due course it comes to the surface, bursts its outer shell at the back, and out comes the perfect mosquito. After toiletting a little on the surface of the water it flies away. Anybody can see its larva by exposing in the hot weather a pan of water anywhere. The mosquitoes come and lay their eggs on the water and in time they hatch, and the minute larva swim into the water. The following observations may be of service :—I had found that in the hot weather, early in the morning, mosquitoes came into the houses, through the open doors and windows and roosted during the heat of the day under chairs tables sofas &c thought that their object in keeping *under* things was to screen themselves from the heat-radiation of the roof. Mosquitoes appear to be very sensitive to any changes in the temperature and hygrometric condition of the atmosphere. I found also that at about sundown the mosquitoes in the house swarmed so that their united buzz became quite audiable and continued till the doors were thrown open in the evening, when *every mosquito without exception* flew out of the house The fact was they were impatient to get out and feed. In order to effect their escape into the open air, they will search out even a small opening anywhere ; but if there are many openings they will all go out in a few minutes Often have I seen mosquitoes on the inner side of the panes of glass when the doors are still closed, making frantic endeavours to get out I made the experiment over and over again and always with the same result *viz* of opening the doors in the evening and letting them out : then by closing doors again in half an hour keeping them out all night not one remained inside. The reverse action also proved this at sunrise. I have often seen them making similar endeavours on the outside of the panes to get into the house and screen themselves from the heat of the day. In Venice, in September, they behaved differently. They went out in the morning, probably to feed, at the edges of the canal waters, in the cool shady canal streets of Venice, and I then saw them flying into the house in the evening, when it became probably too chilly for them outside. What they appear to delight in, is a cool moist atmosphere, and a cool one is ordinarily always moister than a hot one. The question then arises, how do these mosquitoes feed upon when they go outside ? On another occasion I got a hint regarding their food by the following observation :—During the dry hot winds I had a punkah in a pot on a table. The doors were not opened in the evening on account of the hot winds. I happened to pass by this pot with a lamp in my hand, and observed that the leaves of this plant were covered with mosquitoes. They appeared to be sucking the juice of the leaves, and it is my belief that naturally mosquitoes live on the juices of plants, and that they are (or some of them at least) vegetable feeders. But they also thirst in, or rather I may say cannot go out they do not mind a change of diet in the shape of animal food. Other facts will show that their habits of taking shelter in the day and going out in the evening have been correctly observed. In one occasion I was asked to go and see some friends and stay with them a few days. They were in tents in a large mango grove. On arrival I was informed that the mosquitoes in the tents were simply eating the faces and hands of my hosts and their children amply bore out what they stated. I said I knew something about mosquitoes, and probably I might be able to do them some good by my visit. At night I went into my tent. The mosquitoes were swarming and anxious to get out—the tent was simply full of them. I quietly rolled up the chicks and the purdahs and did the same to my friend's tents, and within 10 minutes there were not one mosquito remaining in the tents. The chicks and purdahs were let down, and everybody had a perfect night's rest. One sometimes hears that people do not like creepers and vegetation round their houses, because they attract mosquitoes. My notion is that vegetation outside attracts them out of the house, which is an advantage. One hears from trappers in the backwoods of America and from travellers in the forests of Burma and other places that mosquitoes simply swarm in those uninhabited places. This is further evidence that naturally mosquitoes live on vegetable juices, and that on occasions they do change their mind a change of diet, to them more sustaining animal juices. Another curious habit of mosquitoes is that they follow a person dancing in small clouds above his head I have often observed this on the shores of the Mediterranean and Atlantic, and also in London, at Kensington, near Regent's Park. As I walked along a mosquito nebula moved along over my head in the above named fashion. Their evolutions are very curious ; they make complicated movements within a small space, and no one appears to run against the other. Till then I had no idea that mosquitoes were to be found in England. A few days later, however, I saw some on the panes of a window inside a house, and subsequently saw them again in the South of England. What mosquitoes mean by these curious evolutions and what they feed on near the sea I know not. The natural history of the mosquito has not been written yet, and India is a fine field for studying this curious insect.

THE MINERAL RESOURCES OF UPPER BURMAH.

THE settlement of the various provinces of Burmah which have recently been added to our Eastern Empire will, no doubt, cause attention to be directed to their mineral resources. It will, therefore, be of interest at the present time to consider the available information on the subject, and to eliminate the facts from the vast amount of exaggerated fiction with which they are surrounded.

It is now well known that Ptolemy's names Argyre, Chryse-Chersonesus, and Chalkitis were merely Greek translations of the Burmese names for Arracan, Pegu, and Ramannadesa, the region which embraces Ava and the ancient capital Pagan." The natural interpretation put upon them in early times was that in these regions respectively silver, gold, and copper occurred in great abundance, and hence it was concluded that India received from them vast quantities of these metals. There is no foundation whatever for the belief that Arracan was ever a silver-producing country, although, as will presently be shown, ores of silver do occur in other parts of the country. Of any trade in copper which may have existed we know only what is stated below, but it is tolerably certain that there was in early times a trade in gold, especially gold from South-Eastern Tibet and its gold leaf from Yunnan, between Suvarna Vhumi, probably Thatum, a port 40 miles north of Moulmein, in Burmah, and the east coast of India. The application in recent years of the term "Golden Chersonesus" to the Malayan peninsula, it may be remarked in passing is not consistent with the above identification, which has the authority of the late General Sir Arthur Phayre to support it. The useful minerals of the region which has been annexed and its neighbourhood are the following :—Amber, coal, copper, gold, iron, jade, lead, petroleum, platinum, ruby, salt, silver, spinel, and sulphur.

The amber mines are situated at Payentoung, in the valley of the Hukung, lat. 26 20, long. 96. They are in a stratum of probably cretaceous age, consisting of blue clay, containing lignite, with which the amber is irregularly associated. The mining tools used by the miners are of a most primitive description, being wooden crowbars tipped with iron, wooden shovels, and baskets made of bark for bailing out water. The outturn is not considerable, but the mines are visited every year by Chinese and Shan merchants, who buy up whatever is in stock, at prices varying from about 1s. a pound for common inferior kinds up to fancy prices for the valuable kinds.

Coal is known to exist and is even worked to some extent at Thungadaw, on the Irrawaddy, 70 miles above Mandalay ; at Shuayzo, below Minamo ; at Mombalpoung, in the Shan States, east of Mandalay ; in the Yaw district, south-west of Mandalay, etc. It is found also at Pagan and Shimpagah. So far as is known, the coal of these several localities is of tertiary or cretaceous ages. It is of a somewhat light and resinous character ; but where not too impure constitutes a valuable fuel. A report as to the superior quality of the Membaloung coal requires confirmation. It is quite probable that the navigation of the Irrawaddy may in time be wholly carried on by means of this coal.

Copper.—Upper Burmah receives, or used to receive, most of its copper from China and Yunnan. Copper ores are found in Momeln and the Shan States, and are, to some extent, smelted ; but further information regarding their abundance is wanted. The export trade of copper from Rangoon consists merely of worn-out copper vessels originally brought from China.

Gold.—Most of the gold used in Burmah is imported from China. The local production is derived from washings in the Upper Irrawaddy, the Hukung, the Kyendwen, and their respective tributaries. The amount so obtained appears to be not very considerable.

Platinum occurs with the gold in several of these localities, and is said to be well known to the Burmese, who call it by a name signifying white gold.

Iron.—Iron ores from rocks of the tertiary age have long been worked in Burmah, the principal locality being at Puppa, lat. 20 56, long. 95 45. There, it would seem, the small furnaces are built on an exposed position, the blast being naturally supplied by the wind. There are various localities in the Shan States where iron is made. In China and the regions bordering Upper Burmah it is not uncommon to see iron employed for suspension bridges. Some attempts were made by the King of Burmah, about the year 1873, to introduce the manufacture of iron on the English principle, probably with no great success.

Jade.—The mines which supply Burmah and parts of Western China with this much-esteemed mineral are situated in the Mogoung district, 25 miles to the south-west of Meinkhun ; but it should be stated that the chief supplies for China come from Karakash, in Turkestan. The mines at Meinkhun used at times to be worked by a motley crowd of 1,000 Shans, Chinese, Panthays, and Kakhyens. The jade is cut at Momein into ornaments by means of copper discs charged with corundum. The most valuable kind is of a bright, clear green, resembling the emerald. A pair of bracelets made of it are worth Rs. 100 at Momein and very much more in China. Red and pale pinkish kinds are also highly prized. It seems probable that some of the ornaments described as being made of emerald by early writers were in reality of jade.

Ruby (corundum) and Spinel.—The principal ruby mines of Burmah are situated at Kyat-pyen (the Capelan of authors), 70 miles to the north-east of Mandalay. The mineral district, supposed to extend over 100 miles, is divided into 50 or 60 parts, each having a different name. Square pits are dug to a depth of 20ft. to 30ft. to reach the layer of gravel which contains the gems. This gravel, when washed at the surface, yields rubies, sapphires, Oriental topaz, and Oriental emerald, all of them being only colour varieties of one and the same mineral, corundum, a colourless variety, which is also found, is sometimes used to make false diamonds. Spinel occurs in some abundance too, and zircon less commonly. All these stones above a certain weight were supposed to become the property of the King, and otherwise the monopoly was estimated to yield a revenue of £12,500 to £15,000 a year. Large sapphires without a flaw of six to nine carats are much more common than rubies of that size, although, as a whole, rubies are vastly more abundant than sapphires. The stones are polished in Amarapoora, but a quantity are carried away by Chinese and Tartar merchants. Another locality where there are ruby mines is situated in the Sagyin Hills, 16 miles from Mandalay and 2 miles from the Irrawaddy. The rubies, sapphires, and spinels are found in the detritus of calcareous rocks. They are said to be lighter-coloured and, therefore, not so valuable as those from the Kyat-pyen mines. The system of mining at both localities is rude in the extreme. It is possible, though, judging from experience of the diamond mines in India, not altogether probable, that, under British

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

THURSDAY EVENING, FEB. 18.

OUR import trade has been dull and inactive of late, but in the matter of exports a healthier tone has prevailed, and if actual movements of produce have not been larger at the moment, there has been business doing which will lead to increased developments later on. Money has begun to feel the effect of it, and is steadily increasing in value, aiding in turn a somewhat firmer feeling in Sterling Exchange, while Freights are fully 1s. 3d. per ton better on the week, and from the stronger front owners display look like advancing still further in the immediate future. Government Securities have been firm on the average, and Shares where changed at all are higher. Spinning and Weaving Mills have been the description most in favor, and our quotations show a general improvement of Rs. 15 to Rs. 20 per share. This more hopeful aspect of the industry is already beginning to bear fruit in the shape of several new companies being projected. For one the capital has been subscribed in full, and two others are reported to have received fair promise of support. In an ordinary way we should welcome these additions to our local industry as the legitimate outcome of improving trade, but the basis on which they are promoted is not to our thinking quite a healthy sign; nor is Cotton spinning in a position at present to warrant any large addition to the productive power.

MONEY.—The last Bank of Bombay return showed a reduction of upwards of 12 lakhs in the Cash Balance, and although it was due to withdrawls from Government Deposits and not to any increase in trade demands, it was sufficint, taken in conjunction with the position in Calcutta, and the hardening tendency in the bazaar, to warrant the directors in advancing their minimum rate of discount from 4 to 5 per cent. at their usual weekly board meeting on Wednesdy. In the outside market short loans on Government Securities are still obtainable at 3 per cent., and just for the moment funds, no doubt, are plentiful enough, but it requires no great amount of financial foresight to see that we shall have a considerably increased demand for money in the course of the next few weeks, and the Presidency Bank is merely anticipating the consequent movement. It may be that there is no very special necessity for so doing on the mere question of supply and demand but it must not be forgotten that the period o dear money this season looks like being limited to a very short space possibly not more than three months out of the twelve—and there is all the greater inducement for capitalists therefore to make the most of their opportunities.

Telegrams from Calcutta to-day report the Cash Balance of the Bank of Bengal up 8½ lakhs.

The Bank of England rate of discount in London has been reduced to-day from 3 to 2 per cent., having been reduced from 4 to 3 per cent. on 21st January.

EXCHANGE.—We have had rather an unsettled week in sterling exchange, and although the movements have not been very wide extent, they have been rapid and frequent which is perhaps equally inimical to regular business. We closed for last mail on the basis of 1s. 5 29-32d. for demand Bank Bills and 1s. 6 1-16d. for 3 months' Credits, and no change from these figures took place until Monday, when a rise of 1-32d. was established. On Tuesday a further partial advance of 1-32d. was quoted in private paper which resulted in a general movement to that extent yesterday. This morning, consequent on the result of yesterday's biddings in London for Council drafts, when 40 lakhs of bills were placed at 1s. 6d. and Rs. 3,30,000 of telegraphic transfers at 1s. 6 1-32d., we opened with a sharp rise of 1-16d., bank telegraphic being freely done at 1s. 6d. and 3 months' Credits at 1s. 6 3-16d. At these figures, however, a much stronger disposition was shown to buy than sell, and bank bills were reduced 1-16d., private paper 1-32d. later in the day, making closing rates :—

Bank Bills on demand	.....	1s. 5 31-32d.	per rupee.
Do.	Telegraphic Transfer.	1s. 5 15-16d.	,,
Do.	3 months' sight	1s. 6 1-16d.	,,
Do.	4 ,,	1s. 6 3-32d.	,,
Do.	6 ,,	1s. 6 5-32d.	,,
Credits	3 ,,	1s. 6 5-32d. to 3-16	,,
Do.	6 ,,	1s. 6 5-16d. to 11-32	,,
Documents	3 ,,	1s. 6 3-16d.	,,
Do.	6 ,,	1s. 6 17-32d.	,,
Francs	3 ,,	1·79½	,,
Do.	6 ,,	1·83	,,

At the close it is somewhat difficult to say how the market really stands. Locally the feeling is weakish, and this is assisted by the latest telegram in regarding the Silver coinage from America, but the Calcutta advices come strong, and they undoubtedly have a great deal to say at the present juncture to the course of rates. Bombay, however, must take the lead before many weeks are over, and could the position be divested of the unsettling influence of the telegrams from the United States we should be inclined to favor a slight recovery in rates. It might, probably would, only be temporary, but the considerable amounts requiring to be financed for against the undoubtedly large crops of Cotton and Wheat during the next three months would be a strengthening influence of no incousiderable weight. As things go though, it is impossible to count with any degree of certainty on what a day may bring forth. Every few hours brings something new from Washington, which Reuter manages to render all the more uncertain by his peculiar way of phrasing his messages. To-day's message, for instance, on the principle that two negatives make an affirmative, should mean that the coinage Committee of the House of Representatives have shown a majority in favor of suspending the "Bland Act," but we are quite prepared to receive something of an altogether opposite character to-morrow, and we fear this state of uncertainty is bound to prevail for some time yet.

The shipments of Silver from London for this port during the past week are reported at £1,20,000, and in addition there are £20,000 in Gold. The position of the Silver balance at the Mint is given in to-day's *Government Gazette* as follows :—

	Rs.
Value of Silver in the Mint on 6th Feb.	80,16,378
Silver received during the week	4,25,117
	84,41,495
New Coin paid during the week	15,00,000
	69,41,495
Silver belonging to private individuals	13,03,008
	82,44,503
Last week	83,40,883

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—Although weak at the close the market in the main has shown considerable firmness and a large business was transacted for a time. Fours for cash stood at Rs. 97 13-16 to ⅞ last Thursday, and on Friday had advanced to Rs. 97 15 16 touching Rs. 98 on Saturday. The price was maintained on Monday and Rs. 98 1-16 is even said to have been done, but on Tuesday a backward movement set in under the influence of which the price has gradually given way until at the close Rs. 97 11-16 is the best quotation. For forward delivery Rs. 97⅞ was touched, but to-day we question whether better than Rs. 97½ could be obtained by sellers. Fours-and-a-half are in an exceptional position owing to the small amount of the denomination available. From Rs. 100⅜ a rise to Rs. 101 was established and at the close Rs. 100⅛ is the price.

Municipal 5 per cent bonds have advanced to Rs. 101, and Port Trust bonds from Rs. 91 have risen to Rs. 93.

SHARES.—The firmness apparent in *Spinning and Weaving Mills* gained ground for a day or two after the departure of last mail, and under the influence of considerable speculative buying prices continued to advance. A reaction supervened for a couple of days losing a considerable portion of the previous improvement, but to-day renewed firmness is again apparent, and on the weak the net result has been again in values. Framjee Petits are Rs. 60, City of Bombay Rs. 45, Bombay United and National Rs. 30, Alliance and Indian Manufacturing Rs. 25, Colaba, Coorla, Dhun, Khandesh and Ripon Rs. 20, and other concerns from Rs. 5 to Rs. 15 per share. The improving influence has mainly been the prospect of a liberal supply of the raw staple at comparatively low prices, but at the same time the demand for local yarns continues active. *Press* companies are firm, and business has been done in Mofussils up to Rs. 415, in Berars at Rs. 560, and in New Indian at Rs. 145. *Bank* shares are unaltered on the week except Bank of Bombays which are firmer at Rs. 517½. Amongst *Miscellaneous*, Bombay-Burmah Trading have receded from Rs. 3,700 to Rs. 3,625. Kaiser-i-Hind gold mines have fluctuated between Rs. 14 and Rs. 20 closing at the latter figure. Bombay Ice Co. Share have advanced to Rs. 15. Bombay Flour Mills are firm at Rs. 710, Bapty Bros. have declined to Rs. 191, Western India to Rs. 128 per share.

IMPORTS.

PIECE-GOODS.—The market has worsened slightly on the week less in actual prices than in tone. Dealers finding but a limited enquiry from the interior have been quite indifferent about replenishing their stocks either ready or for future shipment, and in all positions, therefore transactions have been below the average in extent. The off-take from the bazaar is put down at 3,000 to 3,500 packages, and prices are partially one anna per piece lower in Shirtings and the leading kinds of grey cloths, but other descriptions are not quotably altered.

Local made goods are in less active request than formerly, but light stocks prevent any giving way in prices.

TWIST.—Imported Yarns continue to meet a comparatively poor demand and prices are the turn in buyers' favor. *Local* Spinnings on the contrary have been largely dealt in, upwards of 5,000 packages having changed hands during the week at previous quotations. The following are to-day's rates :—

			As.		As.
Twist	..... No.	10s	5	to	5 5-16
,,	and Water... ,,	20s	5¾	,,	6
,,	,, ... ,,	24s	6	,,	6¼
,,	,, ... ,,	30s	6¾	,,	7 5-16

METALS.—*Copper* is week and difficult of sale unless at a concession of As. 4 to As. 8 per cwt. Braziers we quote at Rs. 31½ to Rs. 31¾ per bundle. *Yellow Metal* is dull, and practically Annas 4 per cwt. lower, Braziers being Rs. 27 to Rs. 27½ per cwt. *Iron* is steadier rather except for Welsh Bars which are barely worth previous rates. Staffordshire and Swedish are the turn dearer.

COALS.—There has not been much, buying on the part of consumers this week but a couple of cargoes have changed hands to cover in previous sales, Cardiff at Rs. 15½, Davison's West Hartley at Rs. 15. These are sellers' prices to-day, but buyers are disinclined to pay them.

EXPORTS.

COTTON.—Prices have given way Rs. 2 per candy during the week in Broach and Omras, but Bengals are unchanged, and Dholleras are partially Rs. 2 dearer. This pretty fairly expresses the estimation the different growths are in at the moment, Dholleras and Bhownuggers have been largely brought in by native dealers latterly against previous contracts, as high as Rs. 174 having been paid for good, while other descriptions from one cause or another have been sparingly dealt in. Bengals are scarce and exporters only buy them at the comparatively high prices ruling to cover previous contracts. Omras being quite out of favor with consumers can scarcely be placed at any price, and Broach as yet keeps above the parity of home values.

Supplies it will be perceived are steadily growing the receipts since the beginning of the year being 82,000 bales ahead of last while shipments only show an increase of 34,000 bales. The difference has partly gone to increase spot stocks, but a portion has also been taken up by the mills who are all bare of stocks and obliged therefore to buy in daily a considerable proportion of their consumption which is close upon 10,000 bales per week. In round figures we estimate the receipts of new Cotton into Bombay since the beginning of the season at about 300,000 bales made up as follows :—

	Bales.
Berar	115,000
Bengals	105,000
Khandeish	55,000
Hingughaut	15,500
Dhollera	3,000
Broach	2,000
Sundries	5,000

Regarding crop prospects there is nothing of a special character to report. Natives talked of injury by frost in Guzerat and Kattiwar a few days ago, but we attach no importance to it and still look for excellent yields of Brooch and Dhollera. Berar Cotton is a large out-turn, but the demand for it is so restricted, except the better stapled kinds such as Khamgaum and Akola, that there is no inducement to bring it forward. Khandesh on the other hand is a poor crop, and Bengals will be less than last year. The favorite estimate of shipments for the six months is now 900,000 bales

The movements of Cotton to date show the following comparisons with the two previous years :—

Receipts.	1886.	1885.	1884
For the week	42,090	39,355	38,962
Since 1st January	245,430	206,500	260,500
Clearances to Great Britain and Continent.			
For the week	13,381	11,256	22,398
Since 1st January	112,794	77,051	135,668
Clearances to Calcutta, China, &c.			
For the week	956	1,321	4,030
Since 1st January	5,707	6,329	20,632

The following are to-day's quotations for Fullpressed Cotton with the equivalents in Sterling, cost and freight to Liverpool, *vid* Canal, without commission :—

New Crop—		per Candy.	per lb. C. & F.
Bengal, Fine	February	Rs. 172	= 3 31-32d.
Do.	Fully Good do.	,, 160	= 3 11-16d.
Do.	Good do.	,, 155	= 3 9-16d.
Omra, Fine	do.	,, 185	= 4d.
Do.	Fully Good do.	,, 168	= 3¾d.
Do.	Good do.	,, 162	= 3 23-32d.
Do.	F. G. F. do.	,, 152	= 3½d.
Broach, Fine	March	,, 198	= 4 1-16d.
Do.	Good do.	,, 191	= 4 15-32d.
Dholleras, Fine	April	,, 183	= 4 7-32d.
Do.	Fully Good do.	,, 173	= 4 1-32d.
Do.	Good do.	,, 169	= 3 29-32d.
S. G. Dharwar, Good	May	,, 172	= 4d.
Westerns	do.	,, 161	= 3¾d.

WHEAT.—Short supplies have enabled dealers to maintain prices of ready Wheat, and in some instances even to obtain an advance of As. 1 to As. 2 per cwt. For future delivery however the position is week, crop accounts being most promising not only as regards extent and quality but also in the earliness of the yield. In many parts of this presidency the crop is ready for harvesting, and samples of new Wheat are expected in another fortnight. Quotations to-day are :—

No. 1 White Pessy	Rs. 4-2	to Rs. 4-3 per cwt.
Soft Red Pessy	,, 3-11	to ,, 3-12 ,,
Do. Ahmedabad	,, 3 12	,, ,,
Laskari	,, 3-5	to ,, 3-10 ,,
Hard Red Khatha	,, 3-5	to ,, 3-6 ,,

SEEDS.—*Linseed* was quite excited in the early part of the week and the ready quotation was advanced to Rs. 7. Latterly, however, the demand has quietened down owing to less favorable advices from home and prices have receded to Rs. 6-12-6 ready, Rs. 6-8 March, Rs. 6-3 for May delivery. *Rapeseed* is very firm at Rs. 5-14 per cwt. for Yellow Guzerat April-May delivery, Rs. 4-15 for Red Cawnpore. *Gingelley* keeps up in value owing to scarcity, White being Rs. 7-2, Mixed Rs. 6-14 per cwt. The total crop promises only to be 10 to 12 annas of last year.

The Comparative imports of Wheat and Seeds are as follows :—

	1886.	1885.	1884.
Wheat—For the week ..... cwt.	122,762	125,709	80,591
,, Since 1st Jan. ..... ,,	1,03,501	1,639,155	431,804
Linseed—For the week ..... ,,	41,572	47,768	25,834
,, Since 1st Jan. ..... ,,	260,490	217,477	176,940
Rapeseed—For the week ..... ,,	9,424	5,586	10,388
,, Since 1st Jan. ..... ,,	51,603	32,439	53,950
Gingelly—For the week ..... ,,	49,742	92,536	49,837
,, Since 1st Jan. ..... ,,	386,687	657,466	522,166

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash. Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	2½ p.ct	717½xd
Bank of Bengal	42,000	500	all	10 do.	881x
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	5 do.	367½
EXCHANGE BANKS.		£	£		
Agra Bank	10,000	100	1	6 do.	130
Hong. and Shang. B. Corporation	60,000	$125	all	17½ do.	466
National Bank of India	37,325	250		5 pct.	110

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. R. per cent. Stock	..	£100	..	..	£142
B. B. & C. I. R. Guaranteed 5 per cent..	..	£100	..	..	£147

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DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED].

BOMBAY.

MARRIAGE.

LORD—SHADWELL—February 16, at S. Saviour's Mission Church, Ahmednagar, by the Rev J. Taylor, assisted by the Rev C. King, the Rev Hugh Fraser Lord, to Alice Mary, daughter of the Rev J. Shadwell.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

KEENE—February 11, at Saidpur, Northern Bengal, the wife of C J Keene, of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

PALMER—ANDERSON—February 11, at All Saints Church, Bangalore, by the Rev Parker, Robert Palmer of Narainkunge, to Lucy Russell, daughter of Geo. Wells, Esq, of Coconada.

SHELBOURNE—WRENN—February 15, at St George's Cathedral, Madras, by the Venerable The Archdeacon J F Browne, Ernest Edward Shelbourne, Assistant Engineer, Madras Railway, to Augusta Florence, eldest daughter of William Wrenn, Esq, Essex.

DEATHS.

HOBDAY—February 14, at 8, Harrington Street, Calcutta, Hilda Octavia, the child of Major and Mrs T F Hobday, aged 4 months.

JAHANS—February 5, at Agra, Margaret Jahans, widow of the late Mr John Jahans, aged 73 years and 8 months.

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1886.

THE news which we have published from Burma during the past week is satisfactory as showing that the military authorities are able to make some headway against the epidemic of dacoity from which the whole country seems to be suffering. We have not recently heard of any action in which several scores of the enemy were killed, and large numbers of field-pieces, muskets, and other weapons captured. The dacoits have by this time learned to show respect for the Martini-Henry, and to quietly disperse or retreat without doing much harm when pursued by a British force. The condition of the province, however, continues to be serious, and the prevailing disorder and lawlessness must be a source of great anxiety to the authorities and add enormously to the difficulties of the Viceroy's mission. Tranquillity seems to have been restored in Mandalay and other military centres, but in those places which are beyond the reach of the sword and the bullet, dacoity is as rife as ever, though it does not seem to break out so violently as before; and everything seems to point to the necessity of establishing military posts throughout the country and adopting more systematic and co-operative action in order to restore peace and quiet generally. That the Viceroy is fully impressed with the seriousness of the situation is plainly indicated by the fact that one of his first acts after reaching Mandalay was to order that the province should continue to be under martial law. But we may be certain that the severe condemnation that has been passed in the House of Commons and elsewhere on some recent doings in Upper Burmah will have a restraining influence on the conduct of ambitious but inexperienced officers, and that we shall hear no more about such incidents as the Mandalay scandals. The military occupation continues until November. By that time the country will be subjugated from end to end and be in a fit condition to be handed over to the civil authorities. Much depends upon the spirit in which the law is administered during the next nine months. It has been seen that over-severity exasperates the people. It is, therefore, only logical to assume that the exercise of tact, prudence, and judgment will have the effect of restoring tranquillity.

As a sample of the work which the statistical branch of the Agricultural Department is able to furnish, we may refer to the admirable compilation of rainfall returns for 1885 appended to the Report furnished by Mr. Ozanne. Such statistics, as hitherto compiled, have been generally of a misleading character. What is needed in rainfall statistics, to be of any value for scientific purposes, is not the quantity or amount of rain gauged weekly, monthly, or yearly, but the character of the rainfall, the number of rainy days and rainless days, days of heavy falls and their effects, and information as to whether the rainfall was timely and sufficient. A heavy fall of a few hours may gauge much, but such a fall would be of very little use if it is followed by a long stoppage. On the other hand, a gentle but continuous rainfall would be most beneficial to crops. As the Collector of Kaladgi remarked before the Famine Commission, in Kaladgi "the rainfall in June 1876 (6 inches 83 cents) is the highest recorded in the ten years preceding 1876, but yet that was the great year of famine. The rain in September 1877 (12 inches 3 cents) did infinite damage from its heaviness, whereas I cannot learn that that of September 1874 (22 inches 6 cents) did. Again, the fall of 1871 (13 inches 92 cents) did not cause any bad effects." No statistics which do not record these varying features of rainfall can be of any scientific use for ascertaining the physical and economic condition of a district. These rainfall statistics at once point to valuable facts which will be of use for future reference. We trust the Government of India will direct these forms to be used as models for compiling similar information regarding rainfall in other Presidencies and Provinces. We may here suggest to Mr. Ozanne the desirability of compiling similar statistics of prices, the present returns of prices being as valueless as those regarding rainfall. Improved returns of prices are the more necessary because it is upon the prices of agricultural produce that rates of assessment in revision settlement operations in temporarily settled parts of India are fixed. Much also remains to be done by way of improvement of cultivation returns. In this work of supervision the Department will doubtless receive much further aid from the Survey Department, if officers from the Survey are gradually transferred to the Agricultural Department as the settlement work comes to an end. The proposal of Mr. Ozanne thus to preserve the continuity and traditions of the work heretofore done by the Survey and Settlement Department by a gradual transfer to the Agricultural Department of assistant superintendents of survey seems to us sound and practicable, and we are glad to see from the Government Resolution on the Report that Government is satisfied that "Mr. Ozanne has produced strong evidence to demonstrate the necessity for adopting his proposal." We notice that the department had sent telegraphic messages of forecasts of cotton and wheat to the Government of India. These forecasts described the area under cultivation, the effect of the weather on the crops, and the nature of the harvest, prices, and the course of trade—information of the highest value to the public generally, and to the mercantile men especially. We would suggest the desirability of Mr. Ozanne supplying this information to the Press, so that the public as well as Government may be kept abreast in point of information as to the latest phases of the condition of weather and crops. Looking to the work of the department as a whole, we fully endorse the remark in the Government Resolution that the report furnishes ample evidence of Mr. Ozanne's energy in dealing with a great number of subjects and special aptitude for the conduct of the important duties entrusted to him in starting a new department. We look upon the Agricultural Department as one whose work, of all others, is calculated to develop the material resources of India and add to its wealth. And, if it works on the lines on which it has shaped its course, it will return to the country in many multiples the amount of money spent upon it.

THE *Pioneer* a few days since endeavoured to make merry at the expense of Mr. Mehdi Ali, whose recognition, at the Gulburga banquet, of the services rendered by Mr. Cordery to the Hyderabad State, appears to his critic to have been, in the terms of an elegant Americanism, a little "too steep" for Mr. Cordery—a little too steep, indeed, for an archangel. On the whole, however, we should say that the laugh lies with Mr. Mehdi Ali, rather than with the much too merry critic who has tried to turn the laugh upon him. "Gentle dulness dearly loves a joke," and it surely was in dire dulness that the Allahabad paper conceived the thought that Mr. Mehdi Ali must have been extravagant in his praise of the Resident at Hyderabad, and that he was thereby giving tokens of his fitness for running "the Ghoses and the Chandarvarkas" out of the field. The story that Mr. Mehdi Ali told would, perhaps, have been put in a more plain unvarnished way if the orator had thought of the dull people here and there who would read it. But it was not absolutely necessary that a speaker, who had chosen the highly-embellished diction of Urdu as the medium for expressing his thoughts, should fall to the level of that gentle dulness which eschews metaphor, places imaginativeness under a ban, and asks that even rhetoric should be unrhetorical. The cultured scholar, in whose hearing all these comely phrases were uttered, is not at all likely to have had "a very rough time of it"—as we are told he had—while Mr. Mehdi Ali was telling a bit of recent Hyderabad history in just the way in which the most matter-of-fact of Urdu historians would have told it—that is to say, rather more in the fashion of the picturesque Macaulay than of that of the severe Hallam. An Urdu speech, phrased with the boldness which unimaginative people yearn after, would have been very poor Urdu indeed, and neither complimentary to Mr. Cordery nor impressive upon the outer public to whom, after all, nine-tenths of the oratory of East and West is addressed. We should have thought that there was no need to point out so obvious a truth as that.

THERE'S a silver lining to every cloud, and even the impending income-tax has its bright side if looked at from the most favourable point of view. We remember reading somewhere of the number of advantages that the possessor of a shilling might command. Any one who possesses a shilling in England, or in India the equivalent eight-annas, may look upon the small silver coin before him and realise the fact that it potentially represents a peg of whisky, half-a-pound of tea, a pot of jam or marmalade, the means of sending a telegram from Bombay to Cape Comorin or Peshawur with the speed of lightning, the whole of the works of Shakespeare and of Byron in Dick's edition of those poets, two ice-creams, or a pound of plum-cake. Now the income-tax may be regarded as having negatively as illimitably extensive a value as the shilling or eight-anna piece has positively. Indeed, in one important respect it has the advantage over any coin that was ever current. The proud possessor of a shilling is potentially the master of many things as long as he holds on to his money; but directly he spends it he becomes master of only one of the things which it before gave him the power of purchasing. The shilling that has been spent on plum-cake is gone for ever from its former owner, and can no longer retain the power of adding Dick's edition of Byron or Shakespeare to his library, or a tin of Keiller's best marmalade to his cupboard. But the income-tax can be used over and over again by the happy taxpayer without in the least losing its economical powers. Our landlord comes before us with his customary proposal to raise the rent before he will give us a new lease. We point out to him that the income-tax makes it more or less impossible to pay even our old rent. Utterly discomfited, he has to retract his proposal and thinks himself very lucky if we don't insist on a substantial reduction. But the weapon of economy which a benevolent Government has put into our hands is not one whit blunted by having been used with such effect to destroy the avaricious hopes of our landlord. It is as ready for use the next moment when a sepoy appears with a subscription-book to request our usual annual contribution to some good object to which we have been in the habit of regularly subscribing. He is sent away empty, and the thought of the income-tax extinguishes the qualms of our conscience. In fact, whatever be the demand made upon our purse—whether it be a friend that ought to be presented with a wedding gift, our dhoby that wants a tub, our gardener that wants a watering pot, or the sepoy that is ambitious to be presented with a new suit of gorgeous apparel—to all the same satisfactory answer can be given, as long as we have the good fortune to be liable to the excellent impost that Sir Auckland Colvin has subjected us to. Many an Anglo-Indian with large remittances to make has been seeking an opportunity to retrench his private expenditure in India, but lacked courage to take the necessary plunge into more strict domestic economy. Without some definite constraining force urging us on, it is not very easy to drive one horse instead of two, retire from a supererogatory club, or take up one's abode in a smaller house in a cheaper locality. It may seem very necessary to do such things; but unless some palpable pecuniary misfortune comes suddenly upon him, the irresolute man can't make up his mind when to begin curtailing expenses, and is apt to put off the evil day till "to-morrow, and to-morrow, and to-morrow." To such a person, and too many of us fall under this category, the income-tax will afford a splendid starting-point leading to plainer living and higher thinking. Rightly considered, it is a sheep in wolf's clothing, a blessing in disguise, an indirect tax that pretends to be direct. For it will be in reality paid as much by servants, charitable institutions, friends, relations, and schoolmasters as by the official classes, against whose salaries its incidence is primarily levelled.

RUSSIA has at last assented to the agreement between Turkey and Bulgaria, but has made an important reservation in regard to the proposed military alliance. Such an alliance as is contemplated by Prince Alexander and the Porte would impose a formidable barrier against some of Russia's most cherished designs in the country south of the Balkans; and it is therefore not probable that she will give her assent—if she will give it at all—until the clause has been modified to such an extent as to make it powerless for good or evil. Russia has laboured for years to make her influence paramount in the Balkan States, and both Prince Alexander and the Porte must have known full well that any plans which would have the effect of checking or frustrating her ambition, though they might obtain the approval of the other Great Powers, could not be seriously entertained at St. Petersburg. The situation, therefore, is not without an element of danger. Circumstances of less significance have served Russia as a pretext for unsheathing the sword, and it is likely that she will hesitate to cross the Danube again when, as in the present instance, her interests are threatened. It is probable, however, that Prince Alexander will show that he is discreet as well as valorous, and retire from a position that is so distasteful to his powerful neighbour by not insisting on the present conditions of the alliance.

THE BOMBAY HUNT.

A FIELD of about a dozen turned up at day-light yesterday morning at Santa Cruz, and had a real good run.

The hounds got on the line of a jack on the confines of the melon ground near the railway, and owing, no doubt, to the bracing air and a strong scent, went off at a pace that made horsemen sit tight and horses do their little best. After the usual variations that the straightest going jack always indulges in, we found ourselves crossing the Coorla-Andheri road without a check, and apparently heading for Vehar *via* the Marole valley. Tiring of the Marole valley, however, the jack worked inwards towards the railway, and settled down to as nice a line as any nice-mannered jack could possibly be asked to do, away past Ghoregaum into the jungles on the hills beyond. Here, the usual scrambling over rocks, and scratching from brambles occurred, but without any serious mishaps most of the field found themselves, after a slight check, once more out in the open and galloping for dear life over the beautifullest piece of grassland in the Bombay Presidency. It was too good to last, however; after a rattling good run of about three-quarters of an hour, and when hounds and horses and men were skimming along like mother's milk—hounds threw up their noses, the master threw up his arm, and those riding near him threw their horses on to their haunches. Where the jack had gone to was a mystery that was never solved; the scent was excellent, there was no doubt about that. There were several surmises among the clever members of the Hunt, some thought he had climbed up a tree, others that he had soared with wings to the place where all good jacks go to, others that he had taken refuge in all sorts of funny places; and finally, which was probably the truth, that he had taken refuge in a large heap of cut grass that was lying in a confused mass of bundles close to where the hounds were at fault. After trying all round without success, including the impenetrable mass of grass, the Master very wisely decided that it was best to turn homewards. We were about ten miles from Bandora, and all had to catch a train. That, however, is not now a difficult matter; thanks to the excellent service now running between Bandora and the Fort. It was a thoroughly enjoyable morning, a great variety of country, and at times very fast going; and it was a pity, for those who were absent, that the field was not a larger one.

As Santa Cruz appears to be the stronghold of jacks this year, the Master has decided to hold the next meet there instead of at Andheri, especially as it will be convenient for the members of the Mounted Infantry who are encamped in that locality, and who, it is understood, are anxious to provide a Hunt breakfast on that occasion. The Break will start for the meet, irrespective of the breakfast, at the usual hour, viz., Byculla, 4-30; Mahaluxmee, 4-45 p.m.

ROYAL BOMBAY YACHT CLUB REGATTA.

THE racing yesterday was much keener than the previous day's sport, and was made more interesting by the rowing matches. There was consequently a larger number of spectators who crowded the Apollo Pier and even dotted the course in little jolly and pleasure boats. The course for the sailing matches was the same, twelve miles, and that for the rowing contests was about one and a half miles down the harbour. The starting point was again, for the yachts, from the I. M. S. May Frere, which was immediately opposite the Club. The rowing matches were started opposite the Banks-hall. In both matches there were numerous entries. Water Queen would again have carried off the cup in the first race, but she had given Ianthe 27 minutes, and the latter consequently won, though she came to the post 20 min. 46 secs. later than her opponent.

It was unfortunate the third race for steam launches did not entice more than the two, Captain H. Morland's Minx and Col. W. Merriman's Ethel, which were entered. The race had to be struck off the card in consequence, as three launches had to start or no race would be counted. In the rowing matches, Mr. Hill's boat, manned by a native crew, won the first prize, and Captain G

TELEGRAMS.

THE DACOITY MOVEMENT IN BURMAH

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, FEB. 18.

The date of the Viceregal arrival here is still uncertain, and all arrangements have been postponed in consequence.

Sixty policemen arrived yesterday to do duty at Rangoon from Prome and Thayetmyo during the Viceregal stay.

A letter from the Ningyan Field Force, dated the 10th February, in the *Rangoon Gazette*, says that half the force was to leave on the 13th February for Yemethen, sixty miles north up the Mandalay road. Rumours of opposition were current. The force was in excellent health and spirits. Great improvement has been made in Ningyan itself since our occupation. The whole town has been cleared, and well stocked with shops, opened by Chinese and Madrassees.

The dacoity in the surrounding country has been scotched if not killed. One attack occurred last month, three miles from the station, on the opposite bank of the river, when the Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation's bungalow was burnt. Twenty-six buffaloes were stolen, and two employés wounded. Expeditions have been constantly out to distances varying from ten to sixty miles. The country is quiet as far as could be ascertained. Where we did exchange shots, dacoits were dispersed, with only one sepoy wounded on our side.

Colonel Dicken commands the force under orders for Yemethen.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE TRIAL OF THE SOCIALISTS.

LONDON, FEB. 18.

The Socialists, Hyndman, Burns, Champion, and Williams, were brought up for trial before the Bow-street Magistrate yesterday.

The reporters belonging to the staff of the *Times* and the *Daily Telegraph*, who were present at the mass meeting of the unemployed held in Trafalgar-square on the 8th instant, gave evidence testifying that the prisoners used seditious language in their speeches on the occasion.

The accused were remanded for a week and admitted to bail.

THE MANSION-HOUSE RELIEF FUND.

H. R. H. the Prince of Wales has contributed £25) towards the Mansion-House Relief Fund, which has now reached to £47,000.

THE DILKE CASE.

The English press is greatly occupied in discussing the judgment of the Divorce Court in the Dilke case, because, although the charge is dismissed, yet a decree *nisi* has been granted to Mr. Daniel Crawford on his wife's confession, and Sir Charles Dilke is blamed for not denying the accusation on oath.

THE LORD PRIVY SEAL.

Mr. Gladstone has been appointed Lord Privy Seal.

THE TURKO-BULGARIAN AGREEMENT.

ST. PETERSBURG, FEB. 17.

Russia has assented to the Turko-Bulgarian agreement, except the clause referring to the military alliance between Bulgaria and Turkey.

COUNT VON MOLTKE.

BERLIN, FEB. 17.

Count von Moltke is ill.

THE SILVER QUESTION.

The Coinage Committee have rejected, by seven votes against six, the proposal to submit a report against suspension of silver coinage.

HINDOO SOCIAL REFORM.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, FEB. 18.

An enthusiastic and successful meeting was held yesterday under the auspices of the three associations, the Judicial Commissioner presiding, to welcome Mr. Malabari. A resolution was passed condemning infant marriage and accepting Mr. Malabari's proposals. An influential representative committee was appointed.

MADRAS GAZETTE NOTIFICATIONS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, FEB. 18.

Colonel Faunce, Deputy Adjt.-General, to officiate as Quartermaster-General; Major Hope to officiate for Col. Faunce.

The 1st and 2nd Madras Light Cavalry to be armed with lances, in addition to their present equipment, and to be designated Lancers in future.

The Hon. Mr Humayun Jah Bahadur and the Hon. Maharaja of Vizianagram are reappointed additional members of the Madras Legislative Council; and Mr. Bliss to be additional member of the Board of Revenue.

Mr. Macleane to be Collector of Anantapur, *vice* Mr. Crole, under suspension.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

PLYMOUTH, FEB. 17.

The P. and O. Co.'s steamer Khedive arrived here this morning.

LONDON, FEB. 18.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Nuddea left here for Calcutta, Madras and Colombo yesterday afternoon.

COLOMBO, FEB. 18.

The Austro-Hungarian Lloyd's S. S. Co.'s s. Medusa, from Hongkong, left here for Bombay this afternoon.

ZANZIBAR, FEB. 18.

His Highness the Sultan of Zanzibar's s.s. Merka left here for Bombay direct to-day

SUEZ, FEB. 18.

The Hall Line steamer Kirby Hall, outward bound for Bombay, left here yesterday afternoon.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, FEB. 17.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed dull.

Surats quiet.

The London Cotton market has been dull.

Good Fair Dhollera 4½

The Manchester market has been firm.

4	per cent. Rupee Paper	73½
4½	,, ,, ...	75½
3	,, Consols for account	101½
3½	,, Sterling Loan	101
4	,, French Rentes	109¾
Bar silver		46 13-16

Arrival.—Inchmornish.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORT.

(FEBRUARY 18.)

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.

CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.

AMERICA.—*Via* direct, perfect. *Via* Valentia perfect. *Via* Direct Cable, perfect.

AUSTRALIA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor perfect.

CHINA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.

THE annual meeting of the friends and supporters of the Royal Alfred Sailors' Home was held yesterday, Mr. F. W. Stevens, one of the directors of the Home, presiding. The income during the past year had been sufficient to meet the current expenses, and leave a small balance at credit. The total number of officers and seamen who boarded during the year was 11,313, the daily average being 30·99. The greatest number accommodated in the Home at any one time was 111, which included casual boarders, while the least number was 12. During the year 52 destitute officers and seamen were received into the Home. The committee acknowledged that the Superintendent of the Home, Mr. Lauder, had as hitherto conducted his duties in an efficient manner and continued in the confidence of the board.

THE HON. MR. JUSTICE BAYLEY will take six months' furlough to Europe from the 1st May.

AN extension of furlough for seven months has been granted to Mr. J. Elphinston, C.S.

MR. A. H. SPRY will retire from the Bombay Civil Service on the 26th proximo.

MR. G. F. SHEPPARD, C. S., Commissioner of the Northern Division, goes on seven months' furlough on the 2nd April.

DURING the absence of Surgeon-Major W. McConaghy, Surgeon-Major J. Davidson will act as Civil Surgeon, Dharwar.

SYAD NURUDDIN KHAN, C.S., has been appointed an Assistant in the Thana Collectorate.

COLONEL J. M. GREIG, R.E., having obtained furlough, Colonel W. N. Ducat will officiate as Superintending Engineer, Central Division.

THE appointments of Mr. K. M. Servai to be Collector of Income-tax for the town and island of Bombay, of Mr. J. H. Grant to be Commissioner for disposing of appeals against the tax, and of Mr. J. A. Baines to supervise the work in the Presidency, are gazetted.

MR. D. GEORGE, Assistant Engineer, has been appointed to act as Executive Engineer, Rutnagiri, during the absence of Mr. F. D. Campbell. On Mr. Campbell's return, Mr. George will proceed to Bijapur, to act as Executive Engineer during the absence of Mr. E. K. Reinold.

THE payment of all bills for charges in connection with the Quetta Field Force, the Delhi Camp-of-Exercise, and the Burma Expeditionary Force are to be made before the 31st March, as no amounts paid after that date can pass into the accounts of the current year.

NEWS from Assam states that the Daffas raided a few days ago across the frontier, sixty miles east of Tezpore, and carried off a few natives. Fifty of the frontier police under a British officer have been sent to the scene of the raid.

MAJOR A. G. BEGBIE acts for Colonel Filgate as Accountant-General of Public Works during the latter's absence on the Finance Committee.

IT is proposed to give an amateur performance of the Pirates of Penzance, at the Gaiety Theatre, shortly, under the patronage of H. E. the Governor.

A TELEGRAM from Dharwar says that a shock of earthquake was felt at Hirskerur in Kod at 9 p.m. on the 12th.

GENERAL WILSON'S condition was a little more hopeful on Tuesday, but he still lies in a very critical state.

THE evacuation of Morar and Fort Gwalior, and their reudition to Scindia, will be marked by an impressive military display, in which the garrison of Agra will participate. The 20th of March is the approximate date of the event.

LIEUTENANT F. R. H. CHAPMAN, Assistant Political Agent, Southern Mahratta Country, in charge of the Chief of Miraj (Senior), has been granted furlough to Europe for one year from the 24th proximo.

THE Bombay Bank-rate on the security of Government Paper has been raised to five per cent. per annum.

MONSENHOR ANTUNES, who lately proceeded from Goa to Lisbon, has tendered his resignation of the office of Secretary to the Archbishop of Goa, and is about to join the order of the Jesuit Fathers.

MR. J. J. KESWICK, who leaves India by to-day's mail, was entertained at dinner on Monday evening by the members of the Bengal Club, of which he had been president for the last four years. One hundred and fifty members sat down to dinner in the Club House, Mr. Justice Macpherson, the new president of the Club, occupying the chair.

TANDJET WOONDUK MIN, the ex-Burman Ambassador to France, arrived in Calcutta on Tuesday from Madras, where he made an ineffectual attempt to interview his late master. He leaves for Rangoon by the next mail-steamer, with a number of young Burmans educated in Europe, who have accompanied him out. The Ambassador will seek an interview with the Viceroy at Rangoon.

THE next Departmental Examination of Junior Civilians, &c., will take place at the Town Hall, Bombay, on Monday, the 5th April next, at 11 a.m. Officers desiring to be examined should communicate their wishes to the Secretary to the Central Committee for Departmental Examination before the 20th proximo.

THERE have been several promotions in the Judicial Department in consequence of the death of Mr. C. B. Izon. Mr. J. L. Johnston has been promoted to the first grade, Mr. E. McG. H. Fulton to the second grade and to be Judge and Sessions Judge of Ratnagiri, *vice* Mr. Izon, but to continue to act at Belgaum till further orders; Mr. G. Druitt, to the third grade, and to be Judge and Sessions Judge of Kanara, *vice* Mr. Fulton; Mr. S. B. Thakur to be Assistant Judge in the Surat District; Mr. G. McCorkell to be 1st grade Assistant Judge, *vice* Mr. Thakur, continuing to act as Judge and Sessions Judge of Ratnagiri until relieved; and Mr. J. B. Alcock to be second grade Assistant Judge, continuing to act as Judge and Sessions Judge of Shikarpore. Mr. H. F. Aston will act as Judge and Sessions Judge of Ratnagiri until relieved by Mr. Fulton.

A LETTER from Mr. Thos. S. Jago, British Consul at Jeddah, to the Political Resident, Aden, dated 20th January, says:—

No quarantine exists against Aden; for instance, the Egyptian and Austrian mail-steamers from Aden to Jeddah are received, with ordinary passengers, in free pratique. But should these vessels bring pilgrims, Indian or Javanese, who may have accumulated at Aden, they become contaminated and would be condemned to the same quarantine as their pilgrims, say ten or five days. All arrivals from India, no matter whether they have touched at Aden or not, are subjected to twenty days' quarantine, deducting length of passage, according to the Turkish Regulations of 1857. In times when extraordinary epidemics of cholera exists in India, then ten days in full are imposed without reference to length of passage. Should arrivals from India at any time *viâ* Aden bring Indian pilgrims, then they are classified as pilgrim ships, and are subjected to ten full days' quarantine."

THE Hon. P. Rama Nathan, Tamil Member of the Ceylon Legislative Council, is following the steps of his late uncle, the Hon. Sir Coomara Swamy, who visited England after a useful term in the Legislative Council, was knighted and married an English lady. Now Mr. Rama Nathan is going to England. He received part of his education in Madras. The Buddhists of Colombo, headed by the High Priest of Adam's Peak Temple and Principal of the Pali Vidyoday College, Colombo, have just presented an address to him "expressing our sense of the obligation conferred by you upon the Sinhalese community at large. Your unremitting devotion to the cause of the general welfare, we are proud to own, has given universal satisfaction."

THERE are one hundred and forty-four scientific and literary societies in Bengal, many of which are devoted to "teaching the young idea how to shoot." Included in the list are the Kaia Aryan Timirnas, whose object is self-improvement; it has been established for three years, and numbers seven members, one adult and six juveniles. The Kinda Chattia Shabha is an older institution, having been founded in 1881. Its ten members are all juveniles. The Noakholly Bidyalkarsasadhina, for literary improvement and moral culture, has forty-four members, all juveniles, and has an annual income of Rs. 6.

THE tract of country between Munipore and the Chittagong hills stands a fair chance of incorporation with the British Empire. The Lushai tribes who inhabit that territory are not able to live on good terms with themselves, and are said to be a frequent source of trouble. A Calcutta paper remarks that after our experience with the Nagas, and after the numerous occasions on which we have given the Lushais themselves assistance in times of trouble and scarcity, it should not be a difficult matter to convince them that they will be better off under British rule than they are at present.

THE impoverished condition of the Irish Mission in Southern India, subject to the jurisdiction of the Right Rev. Dr. Colgan, and the absolute necessity for a farther reinforcement of priests, has induced the Bishop to issue a pastoral letter to the clergy of his diocese. The letter was read on Sunday in the Roman Catholic Cathedral and other churches:—

"The annual allotment from the Propagation of the Faith for the support of the Mission averages about Rs. 600 a month, or Rs. 7,200 a year, but, with this and the available funds of the Mission, we have met the support of the clergy, the heavy item of expenditure on account of the schools, the maintenance of a Native Ecclesiastical seminary, the building and repairs of churches, the annual grant to the orphanages, European East Indian and Native, and many other incidental expenses. During the last two years the Mission has lost by the total and partial reduction of chaplaincy allowances Rs. 603 a month, a heavy loss to a poor Mission, as it throws the support not alone of three priests, but of four times that number on the funds of the Mission. Till now collections were made at the principal stations at Christmas and Easter for the support of the Mission. On an average, for the last five years, we received in this way Rs. 1,200 a year, a sum insufficient for the support of even two priests at Madras. There are, according to the last returns, over 50,000 Christians in this Vicariate, and the above amount would not average the annual sum of one-half anna from each. No doubt there are some Missions in which the Christians are miserably poor and who, far from being able to render pecuniary assistance, require themselves to be aided; but there are others where, it seems to me, the Catholics could well support their own priests, if a systematic and strenuous effort were made."

THE *Moniteur de Rome* alludes to the present condition of the Roman Catholic Church in India. "The Indian missions are sheltered from persecution by the protection which British rule affords them. In parts of India, certain Portuguese colonies have survived the loss of power by the mother-country and are still subject, as far as ecclesiastical affairs are concerned, to the jurisdiction of Goa. It is in contemplation to terminate this abnormal state of things, and to confine the jurisdiction of the Archbishop of Goa to the limits of his own diocese. It is, moreover, in contemplation to establish a Catholic hierarchy in India, and to create new dioceses in place of the Apostolic Vicariates which actually exist."

AN important Scientific Commission is accompanying M. Paul Bert to Tonquin. The men composing it are charged with the double mission of studying the country from a purely scientific point of view, and also with the object of ascertaining all the resources it can offer for commerce and industry.

MILITARY NEWS.

LIEUTENANT-GENERAL SIR ROBERT PHAYRE, K.C.B., goes home on completion of his tenure of divisional command.

MAJOR D. W. K. BARR, S. C., Political Agent, Baghelkhand, and Superintendent of Rewa, and Captain W. Loch, S. C., Assistant to the Resident, Western Rajputana States, and Boundary Settlement Officer, Marwar, has been granted furlough for 182 days and eighteen months, respectively, on private affairs.

MAJOR J. F. WILLOUGHBY, Infantry, Surgeon A. C. Thompson, I.M.D., and Lieutenant C. R. Phillips, S.C., have been permitted to return to duty.

LIEUTENANT C. M. EDWARDS, 1st Battalion Worcester Regiment, has been appointed to act as Sub-Assistant Commissary-General for Transport, until relieved by Lieutenant P. S. Dyson, 2nd Battalion North Staffordshire Regiment, next month.

COLONEL G. C. HODDING, Madras Staff Corps, Commandant 4th Madras Pioneers, has been appointed to command the Indian Brigade at Suakim, *vice* Brigadier-General E. G. Dixon, resigned.

UNDER instructions from the Horse Guards, Captain C. F. Lindsell, Royal Scots Fusiliers, has been ordered to proceed to England on his recent promotion, to join the 1st Battalion.

LIEUTENANT G. R. DARLEY, U Battery, 18t Brigade, Royal Artillery, has been permitted to exchange with Lieutenant F. N. Birch, No. 4 Battery, 1st Brigade, Southern Division, Royal Artillery.

MAJOR R. G. MCGHEE, Madras Staff Corps, Wing Officer, 27th Madras Infantry, has been appointed Wing Commander of the 7th Madras Infantry, *vice* Hayter, seconded.

CAPTAIN R. F. WESTMACOTT, 2nd Battalion the Middlesex Regiment, has been ordered on duty to Wellington in relief of Captain R. F. Atkinson, 2nd Battalion Hampshire Regiment, ordered to rejoin his battalion in Burma.

COLONEL P. W. L'ESTRANGE, Royal Artillery, and Colonel W. G. Andrews, Royal Horse Artillery, will be placed on the unemployed full pay list, from the 19th instant, on completion of five years' service as regimental colonels, and will proceed to England.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL M. A. ROWLANDSON' Madras Staff Corps, Presidency Paymaster, Bombay' expects to go on furlough to Europe early in April.

LIEUTENANT K. O. BURNE, Scottish Rifles, has been appointed a probationer for the Bengal Staff Corps, and Wing Officer, on probation, to the 2nd Punjaub Infantry.

COLONEL I. KITCHEN, Royal Artillery, Superintendent, Gunpowder Factory, Madras, whose tenure of appointment expired on the 12th instant, has been granted an extension on application, to the 12th August 1886 only.

MAJOR G. LAMB, Commissary of Ordnance, first class, in charge, Allahabad Arsenal, has been granted leave for six months on private affairs.

COLONEL C. V. JENKINS, Bengal Staff Corps, has retired from the service.

THE services of Major-General J. Watson, C.B., V.C., Bombay Staff Corps, have been replaced at the disposal of the Military Department, with effect from the 9th March 1886.

THE following promotions have been made in the Military Accounts Department, in succession to Colonel N. S. Hunt, appointed Superintendent and Agent for Army Clothing, Madras:—Major G. W. Sawyer, Poona, to 1st class, 2nd grade; Lt.-Col. C. T. P. Luxmoore, Madras, to 2nd class, 1st grade; Captain J. F. D. Fordyce, Rawal Pindi, to 2nd class, 2nd grade; Captain G. B. Renny, on furlough, to 3rd class Accountant; Lieutenant H. M. Prior, 3rd class Military Accountant, at present on furlough in Australia, has been passed over.

THE Skirmishing Contest of the Calcutta Volunteer Rifles, for Major Teale's prize, by teams of eight from companies, came off on the Ballygunge Rifle range, on Saturday, the 12th instant, when "C" Company, in which Major Teale served for twenty years, won it. The win is all the more to the credit of the company, as it was unexpected, the shooting records of the company not standing high, while the disappointment of the crack companies at their want of luck was considerable. The conditions of the match are somewhat unique. There are four canvas targets, each four feet square, with the life-size figure of a soldier thereon in the firing position, kneeling, a bit on the figure counting one point, a hit on the remainder of the target being regarded as misses. Each man of the team has fifteen rounds served out to him, and the section extends at 500 yards' distance from the targets, and fires three rounds, advances to 400 yards, fires three more shots, advances to 300, 200, and 100 yards, firing three shots at each distance. The whole of the movements, words of command, &c., being gone through as if on parade, 11 minutes being allowed for each squad. The result of the shooting was as follows:—

"C" Company	62 hits.
"E" Company	61 ,,
Mounted Company	60 ,,
"F" Company	60 ,,
"B" Company	51 ,,
Pioneer Company	... ,,

Only six companies entered. The best target was made by Captain Adam Smith and Color-Sergeant W. L. Harwood, "E" Company, with twenty-seven hits on target and twenty-two hits on figure. "E" Company would have won, but for being hurried at the 100 yards through the timing officer making a mistake and calling out that only one-and-a-half minutes remained in which to complete the firing.

THE designation of the "Cocoanada Rifle Volunteers" has been changed to the "Godaveri Rifle Volunteers."

MAJOR-GENERAL W. A. GIBB, C.B., Madras Staff Corps, has been appointed to the Divisional Staff of the Army, *vice* Major-General L. Buck, vacated on attaining sixty-two years of age.

THE next course of Garrison Instruction to be held this year at Bangalore will commence on the 1st June and will end on the 1st September.

WHERE TO SPEND THE MONSOON.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—In the letter signed "Lex," which appeared in your issue of yesterday, I observe that the writer recommends Panchghani as a suitable resort during the wet weather. I have no doubt this charming retreat will now be more frequently visited, since the traveller will complete his journey entirely, or nearly so, by railway. There is, however, one drawback, serious enough for those with families or invalids resorting to the hill for the benefit of a change of climate, and that is, the want of skilled medical attendance. This is a matter, however, which can be easily remedied by application to proper authority for the appointment of a medical officer.

Feb. 18. W.

DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL.—Palatableness, and the facility with which it is digested are distinctive characteristics of Dr. de Jongh's Cod Liver Oil. Dr. Granville, F. R. S., author of "The Spas of Germany," writes: "De de Jongh's Light-Brown Cod Liver Oil does not cause the nausea and indigestion too often consequent on the administration of the Pale Oils. Being, moreover, much more palatable, Dr. Granville's patients have themselves expressed a preference for Dr. de Jongh's Light Brown Cod Liver Oil." Sold only in capsuled Imperial half-pints, pints, and quarts, by all chemists, druggists, and storekeepers. Sole Consignees, Ansar, Harford and Co. 210, High Holborn, London.

THE INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND THE TANSA WATER-WORKS LOAN.

THE following is a copy of the correspondence with Government on the subject of the Tansa Water-works Loan:—

Extract paras. 5 and 6 of Municipal Commissioner's letter, dated 15th August 1885, to the address of the Secretary to Government, General Department.

(5). It is on all sides admitted that every effort should be made to provide the city with an adequate and constant supply of water, with as little delay as possible, and Government have more than once pressed this important matter on the attention of the Corporation. In a work which must occupy six years it is of the utmost consequence that not one working season should be lost. Other sanitary works less attractive but not less necessary are in progress for which a loan of 44 lakhs has been sanctioned and 7 lakhs remain to be sanctioned. When all these works are executed there will still be many parts of the city either absolutely without drainage or with very defective drainage, and these wants cannot be overlooked with buildings and population increasing, and especially in view of an increased water-supply. It is on account of these works and needs that a special fund must be raised for carrying out the Tansa project. But if the ordinary revenue of the Municipality is thus already pledged, and special measures are necessary to enhance that revenue for the attainment of this very important object, viz., to put the water supply of the city on a proper footing, still more do their ordinary resources for borrowing the required capital stand in need of assistance. Recent experience has shown that it will be absolutely hopeless for the Municipality to expect to raise a crore of rupees in the local market in addition to the loans already referred to, except on terms so ruinous as to be impracticable. Under these circumstances, there is no alternative but to appeal for assistance to Government, to whom the importance and urgent need of the work is so well known. (6.) The circumstances under which the capital is required are exceptional, and the work will affect interests other than those merely of the Municipality. It is on this account, and because the Corporation seem now thoroughly roused to a determination of using every reasonable effort to grapple with an evil which is year by year intensified, that I venture to ask very earnestly for the most liberal measure of support that His Excellency in Council may be justified in according.

Printed copies of Tansa Water-supply Project Report, addressed to the Corporation, were sent to the Secretary to Government, General Department, paras. 10 and 11 of which run:—

10.—It has been shown that, on the lines proposed, an 8-million gallons scheme is estimated to cost Rs. 1,02,10,000, and that a 17-million gallons scheme is estimated to cost Rs. 1,23,00,000, and it is believed that the estimates are in both cases based on rates amply sufficient to leave a safe margin. The capital would be required in instalments, the probable amounts of which are shown below, spread over seven years. Considering the nature and magnitude of the proposed work, that sixty years, commencing from the end of that period, will not be regarded as an unduly long term for the repayment of the required loan, principal and interest. I assume, however, that the interest due on each instalment, as it is taken up, will be met out of the Municipal Fund, and therefore no addition need be made to the loan capital on account of interest during the period of construction, as might be inferred from the 20th paragraph of Mr. Forde's report. The following table exhibits the payments which would devolve upon the Municipality for either the smaller or the larger scheme, the rate* of interest being either 4½, 5, or 5½ per cent:—

Year from commencement of Work.	8-Million Gallons Scheme to cost Rs. 1,02,10,000.			
	Capital required in Lakhs.	Annual payment on account of loan with Interest.		
Note.—Repayment of principal begins at the end of seven years.		At 4½ per Cent	At 5 per cent.	At 5½ per cent.
1st Year	6	14,850	16,500	18,150
2nd ,, ...	18	71,550	79,500	87,450
3rd ,, ...	20	1,57,500	1,75,000	1,92,500
4th ,, ...	20	2,47,500	2,75,000	3,02,500
5th ,, ...	20	3,37,500	3,75,000	4,12,500
6th ,, ...	11	4,12,650	4,58,500	5,04,350
7th ,, ...	4	4,50,720	5,00,800	5,50,880
8th year and succeeding 59 years.		1,94,718	5,39,375	5,85,105

Year from commencement of Work.	17-Million Gallons Scheme to cost Rs. 1,23,00,000.			
	Capital required in Lakhs.	Annual payment on account of Loan with interest.		
Note.—Repayment of principal begins at the end of seven years.		At 4½ per cent.	At 5 per cent.	At 5½ per cent.
1st Year	6	11,880	16,500	18,150
2nd ,, ...	24	76,500	85,000	93,500
3rd ,, ...	20	1,66,500	1,85,000	2,03,500
4th ,, ...	25	2,47,275	2,74,750	3,46,225
5th ,, ...	25	4,28,775	5,06,250	5,36,725
6th ,, ...	20	4,86,000	5,40,000	6,33,000
7th ,, ...	7	5,34,825	5,94,250	6,53,675
8th year and succeeding 59 years.	....	5,95,988	6,49,78	7,04,877

* *Note.*—The forty lakhs recently taken up on account of the Sanitary Works Loan sanctioned in 1883 have been obtained at an average rate of 5¼ per-cent. interest.

11. It is questionable whether the Municipality would be able to obtain on terms at all suited to their means the large sum required for the Tansa project except with the assistance of Government. I have made a representation to H. E. the Governor in Council on the subject, but am not yet in a position to say what measure or manner of assistance the Government of Bombay or the Government of India would be willing or able to render. I venture to think that the Municipality have good grounds for asking for assistance, both in consideration of the restrictions at present imposed upon them in respect to borrowing, investment and repayment, and still more in consideration of the circumstances under which the need arises for the loan which is now contemplated. If Government would agree themselves to advance the necessary four lacs at 4½ per cent., this is the form of assistance which would be most beneficial to the interests of the Municipality. The annual sum then payable from the completion of the work to extinguish the debt, supposing the 17 million gallons scheme to be adopted, would be, according to the foregoing table, Rs. 5,95,988. But it is also a matter for consideration whether Government should not be asked and might not be induced to allow the remainder of the present Vehar debt to be extended over the same period as the new Tansa debt. As the Corporation are well aware, the present annual payment on account of the outstanding one point, hits on the remainder of the target being regarded as misses. Each man of the team has fifteen rounds served out to him, and the section extends at 500 yards' distance from the targets, and fires three rounds, advances to 400 yards, fires three more shots, advances to 300, 200, and 100 yards, firing three shots at each distance. The whole of the movements, words of command, &c., being gone through as if on parade, 11 minutes being allowed for each squad. The result of the shooting was as follows:—

"C" Company	62 hits.
"E" Company	61 ,,
Mounted Company	60 ,,
"F" Company	60 ,,
"B" Company	51 ,,
Pioneer Company	... ,,

Only six companies entered. The best target was made by Captain Adam Smith and Color-Sergeant W. L. Harwood, "E." Company, with twenty-seven hits on target and twenty-two hits on figure. "E" Company would have won, but for being hurried at the 100 yards through the timing officer making a mistake and calling out that only one-and-a-half minutes remained in which to complete the firing.

THE designation of the "Cocoanada Rifle Volunteers" has been changed to the "Godaveri Rifle Volunteers."

MAJOR-GENERAL W. A. GIBB, C.B., Madras Staff Corps, has been appointed to the Divisional Staff of the Army, *vice* Major-General L. Buck, vacated on attaining sixty-two years of age.

THE next course of Garrison Instruction to be held this year at Bangalore will commence on the 1st June and will end on the 1st September.

WHERE TO SPEND THE MONSOON.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—In the letter signed "Lex," which appeared in your issue of yesterday, I observe that the writer recommends Panchghani as a suitable resort during the wet weather. I have no doubt this charming retreat will now be more frequently visited, since the traveller will complete his journey entirely, or nearly so, by railway. There is, however, one drawback, serious enough for those with families or invalids resorting to the hill for the benefit of a change of climate, and that is, the want of skilled medical attendance. This is a matter, however, which can be easily remedied by application to proper authority for the appointment of a medical officer.

Feb. 18. W.

DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL.—Palatableness, and the facility with which it is digested are distinctive characteristics of Dr. de Jongh's Cod Liver Oil. Dr. Granville, F. R. S., author of "The Spas of Germany," writes: "Dr. de Jongh's Light-Brown Cod Liver Oil does not cause the nausea and indigestion too often consequent on the administration of the Pale Oils. Being, moreover, much more palatable, Dr. Granville's patients have themselves expressed a preference for Dr. de Jongh's Light Brown Cod Liver Oil." Sold only in capsuled Imperial half-pints, pints, and quarts, by all chemists, druggists, and storekeepers. Sole Consignees, Ansar, Harford and Co. 210, High Holborn, London.

adjourned special general meeting of the Municipal Corporation, held this day, the following Resolution was passed:—"(1.) That the sanction of the Corporation be hereby accorded to the Tansa Water Scheme for a daily supply of 17 million gallons, and at a cost of Rs. 1,23,00,000 (one kror and twenty-three lakhs), as recommended by the Municipal Commissioner in his report on the Tansa Water-supply project now before the Corporation, and dated 15th October 1885. (2.) That the Municipal Commissioner be requested to solicit the sanction of Government for raising a loan of Rs. 1,23,00,000 (one kror and twenty-three lakhs), for the above purpose, and that that officer be also requested to convey to Government the earnest hope of the Corporation that, if possible, the capital required for this very important public purpose may be advanced by Government on the most favourable terms which it may be in the power of Government to grant. (3.) That the Municipal Commissioner be also instructed to apply to Government to lengthen the time of the repayment of the remaining portion of the Vehar debt at the same rate of interest as at present, so that it may extend over the period during which the Tansa debt is to run, as recommended by Mr. Ollivant in his report now before the Corporation, without prejudice to the claim of the Corporation in regard to the Vehar Water Works debt."—I have, &c., H. W. BARROW.

Bombay, 3rd December, 1885.

To the Secretary to Government, General Department.

SIR,—In continuation of my previous letters No. 6501, dated 15th August, 1885, No. 9290, dated 19th October, 1885 (with accompaniment), and No. 10,079, dated 21st November, 1885, on the subject of the Tansa scheme, and with reference to the interview which His Excellency in Council was good enough to accord to me on the 27th ultimo, I beg leave to submit the following supplementary information in support of the application which I have laid before Government on behalf of the Corporation. The Municipal Acts of 1872 and 1878 do not confer any borrowing powers on the Municipality, although it would appear from Section 8 of Act XL. of 1879 (The Local Authorities Loan Act) that the existence of special powers was contemplated, and in this respect Bombay is at a singular disadvantage as compared with other cities. Not only is there an absence of special borrowing powers, but we are compelled by the present law to deposit all surplus balances with the Bank of Bombay, or to invest them in Government Securities, whilst we are debarred from utilizing them in liquidation of loans for which we have to pay a far higher rate of interest than we can obtain. The procedure to be adopted in raising a fresh loan is regulated by Section 12 of Bombay Act II. of 1880, which, as I understand it, clearly implies that the Corporation, if it requires to borrow money, is in the first instance to look to the Government of India, and it is in view of the provisions of that section that the application now before Government has been made. Apart from the fact that the work for which funds are required is one of more than local importance, I respectfully submit that the claim for special consideration is justified by the words of the Act to which I have referred regarded in connection with the circumstances mentioned in my last paragraph.

As to the amount of capital required and the instalments in which it will be required, I beg a reference to paragraph 10 of my printed report, in which are also exhibited the annual payments which would devolve, upon the Municipality, at various rates of interest. Until the conditions of loan are finally decided it is impossible to fix precisely the amount of annual payment, but the Town Council, assuming that upon completion of the work an annual payment of six lakhs must be provided for, have recommended the Corporation to distribute this burden as follows:—

By enhanced Consolidated rate (which is now at the minimum prescribed by law)	1 lakh.
* Do. enhanced Town duties	2 lakhs.
Do. Revenue from water	3 ,,

Of the proposed enhancement of water revenue, Rs. 70,000 have already been obtained by an increase in the water rate. This sum, together with the three lakhs proposed to be raised by fresh taxation, will more than suffice to meet the annual payments up to the completion of the work.

The determination of the proposed enhancement of Town duties must necessarily occupy some little time for both Government and the Legislature have to be consulted with regard to some of the items, and a still further period must elapse if, as I hope may not be the case, the Municipality should be compelled to have recourse to the procedure of the Local Authorities Loans Act by reason of the non-success of the present application. Meanwhile, as I have already pointed out, it is of the utmost importance that steps should be taken for proceeding with the work, so that this season may not be lost. The proposed increase in the consolidated rate, the increase in the water rate and the proposed enhancement of Town duties, now within the competency of the Corporation—in all Rs. 250,000—will suffice for the payment of interest on the capital assumed to be required for the first five years, or for the payment, principal and interest, of the capital assumed to be required for the first three years. It is on all hands admitted that new means of water supply must be secured as speedily as possible: after much discussion and deliberation the Tansa project has been accepted by the Corporation, and I do not apprehend any hesitation on the part of Government as regards the merits of the particular scheme. Under these circumstances, it appears to me that whatever arrangements may be ultimately decided upon with reference to the loan there can hardly be two opinions as to the wisdom of beginning work this season, to the extent mentioned in my last letters, instead of waiting until the close of next monsoon. As shown in the printed report, the capital required for the first twelve months will not exceed six lakhs, and, as explained above, the extra water rate already imposed more than covers the amount annually payable on account of this sum, principal and interest. I mentioned in my last letter that an expenditure of a sum not exceeding three lakhs should be incurred before next monsoon in raising the foundations of the dam, and also that, pending the raising of a loan, this expenditure can be met by advances from present balances. But I am hardly in a position to incur his expenditure, even with the sanction of the Corporation, until I receive from Government a definite assurance that the scheme meets with their approval and that the Corporation will be empowered to raise by loan, in some form or other, the funds required, at any rate, for the first year's operations. In order to obtain the necessary storage of water behind the dam for the following year's operations, it is necessary that work should be commenced in January, and therefore there is no time to be lost. This must be my excuse for what may appear undue importunity, but I am sure that it will be a matter of regret hereafter, not only to the Corporation but also to Government, if the much-needed water supply were retarded by any avoidable delay. I have already alluded to the inseparability of this improvement from the long delayed completion of the new sewerage arrangement of the city. So far back as 1878 the Drainage Commission appointed by Government reported that "it is most desirable that the Municipality should at once have a further scheme worked out for an additional water-supply for the wants of any increase of population;" and in the report of the Army Sanitary Commission for 1883 received under a recent despatch of the Secretary of State, there is the following passage:—

"The estimated population of Bombay for 1883-84 was 807,905, and the chief sanitary problems which it presents are how to cleanse the houses and keep them clean, and how to supply the people with water for all purposes. It is nearly a quarter of a century since the subject was first dealt with, and present position is that the town and houses are still undrained, and there is not enough of water. Calcutta has all its sewage system complete, and it has got its water-supply, and there is no reason apparently why Bombay, which has nearly double is population, should have so long lagged behind. In their Resolution referred to the Government set forth the necessity of getting the cleansing done somehow, if not in one way yet in another. But, considering the great importance of Bombay as a centre of commerce, and its ever present liability to epidemics, and to quarantines consequent thereon, nobody could object if Government were to interfere and do the necessary work if the Municipal Commissioner is inclined to waste more time." I see from the Government Resolution No 4192, General Department, dated 4th November, that a

Government of India, and final orders will then issue. The transfer must be completed before the beginning of the new financial year, as no provincial grant on account of the Force is intended to be made in the Budget for 1886-87: the necessary expenditure will be provided for as part and parcel of the outlay on the Bengal Army generally. There will have to be a recasting of the commands in the Punjab and Sind, and we hope this will be so done as to include Quetta also. The regiments of the Frontier Force are now serving in stations from Abottabad on the borders of Kashmir to Rajanpur on the Biluchistan Frontier, and not so long ago a detachment of cavalry was west of the Indus at Gambar, near Thal-Chotiali. So scattered a command will not be maintained once the Force comes under the Commander-in-Chief's direct orders. Abottabad would naturally come within the Rawalpindi Division; Hoti Mardan, Kohat, and Bannu might well go to Peshawar; while Dera Ismail, Dera Gahzi, and Rajanpur (if it is indeed considered necessary now to keep up the last-named cantonment) might be attached to the Quetta District, which should certainly be made a divisional command without delay. When our strategical railways and roads on the frontier are completed, there will be good communication between Deras Ismail Khan, whence the outlet from the Gomal Pass is watched, to Chaman on the Kandahar frontier; and the troops holding the outposts of India towards South-Eastern Afghanistan and their immediate supports should, under these circumstances, be included within one command. Every cantonment west of the Indus, from Dera Ismail Khan on the north to Sukkur on the south, would then look to Quetta for orders, and there would be no conflict of opinion between rival authorities on the fronter. We do not, by the way, see any necessity for maintaining Mooltan as a brigade command, even of the 2nd class; it might well be made a station command, just as Cawnpore is, the strength of the garrison in each of these places being identically the same under normal conditions. The Army Commission of course saw this, but then their proposals are hung up for the present. Perhaps, however, with the new frontier policy which Lord Dufferin has inaugurated there may be a chance of some of the changes which they advised in the Punjab, Sind, and Biluchistan being carried out. The Frontier Force now consists of four regiments of cavalry, the Guide Corps, one garrison and four mountain batteries, and then regiments of infantry, and no better opportunity for recasting commands on our north-west frontier could offer than the placing of this large body of troops under the direct orders of the Commander-in-Chief in India.—*Pioneer.*

THE BOMBAY GYMKHANA SKY RACES.

THE GYMKHANA PONY STEEPLECHASE.

Mrs Wilkin's ..... g cb p Snowball
Mr George's ..... g cb m Gertrude
Mr Cecil's ..... ch cb m Nora Crenia
Mr Maurice's ..... g a p Shipwreck

THE GYMKHANA STEEPLECHASE.

Mr Derwent's ..... b a g Echo, late Butter Scotch
Mr Gonne's ..... g a h Soheil

THE BOMBAY GYMKHANA CUP.

Mr Baumann's ..... g a p Milky Way
Mr Vaughan's ..... ch a p Hastings
Mr Sealey's ..... ch a p Costermonger
Do ..... b a p Chota Sahib
Mr Edward's ..... ch a p Not Much
Aga Jungee Shah's ... by a p Saghy
Mr Maurice's .....Non g a p Phantom
Do ..... b a p Grateful
Mr Cook's ..... b a p Tenasserim
Dr Wilmott's ..... b a p Chorister
Capt Connor's ..... b cb m Crucifix
Lt S A Wahab ..... g a p Jameca
Mr Walter's ..... ch a p Zephyr
Do ..... g a p Eclipse

LADIES' BRACELET.

Mr Symon's ..... b a h Foraidoon
Mr Wood's ..... b a g Balfour
Mr Littleton's ..... b a h Redwing, late Lord Ripon
Mr George's ..... ch a g Khangaon
Mr Maurice's ..... ch a g Nujaffee
Mr Gonne's ..... g a h Soheil
Mr Walter's ..... b a h Ascel
Mr Baumann's ..... b cb m Gaylass

THE POLO STAKES.

Mr Pease's ..... b cb m Crucifix
Mr Macdonald's ..... b a p Mac
Mr Cecil's ..... ch cb m Vaughty Girl
Mr Arthur's ..... rs cb p Strawberry Cream
Major Beaver's ..... g a p French Grey
Mr Baumann's ..... ch cb p The Orphan
Mr King's ..... c a p Masher
Mr Cook's ..... b a p Dart

THE LITTLE GO STEEPLECHASE.

Mr Derwent's ..... b a g Echo, late Butter Scotch
Mr Maurice's ..... g a p Shipwreck

THE OPEN STEEPLECHASE.

Mr Maurice's ..... b w m Mercy

THE GYMKHANA DERBY.

Mr Symon's ..... b a h Foraidoon
Mr Wood's ..... b a g Balfour
Mr Littleton's ..... b a h Redwing, late Lord Ripon
Mr Maurice's ..... ch a g Nujaffee
Mr Walter's ..... b a h Ascel
Mr Baumann's ..... b cb m Gaylass

THE GYMKHANA PONY DERBY.

Mrs Wilkin's ..... g cb p Snowball
Mr Vaughan's ..... ch a p Hastings
Mr Sealey's ..... ch a p Costermonger
Dr Wilmott's ..... b a p Chorister
Mr Maurice's ..... g a p Shipwreck
Do .....Non g a p Phantom
Mr Macpherson's ..... ch a p Impulse
Mr Walter's ..... g a p Monkey
Mr Sladen's ..... ch cb g Ressaldar

THE LILLIPUTIAN STAKES.

Mr Sealey's ..... b a p Chota Sahib
Mr Baumann's ..... ch cb p Pygmalion
Major Beaver's ..... rs b p Kangaroo
Do ..... b a h Niagara

The lotteries on Saturday's racing will be held in the Bombay Gymkhana, at 5 o'clock to-day.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

MARRYAT CUP.

The following is the result of the second ties:—

Murray beat O'Connor ..... 6—4, 6—4
Ward " Nicholson ..... 6—0 6—3
Gould " MacCartie ..... 6—2 6—4

The following are the drawings for the third ties:—

Murray v Gould.
Ward v Hathbone.

The third and winning ties to be played off by Wednesday, 24th instant.

HOME REMITTANCES.

(OFFICIAL INTELLIGENCE.)

WEEKLY memorandum of remittances to the Home Treasury by means of Council bills:—

	£
Amount to be remitted during 1885-86	11,676,559
Remitted from 1st April, 1885, to 13th Feb., 1886..	7,855,100
Balance to be remitted from 14th February, to 31st March, 1886	3,821,459

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE Austrian man-of-war Frundsberg, Captain G. Semsey de Semse, sailed yesterday for the Persian Gulf.

THE B I S N Co's steam-ship Burmah, 675 tons, Captain O R Mitchell, sails to-day for Kattiawar, Coast and Kurrachee with a general cargo and 62 deck passengers.

H. M. S. MARINER, 970 tons, Captain John Durnford, arrived in harbour yesterday from Trincomallee, which port she left on the 10th instant. She experienced strong head-winds, almost the whole trip. She will probably leave for the Persian Gulf on Saturday. The following is the list of officers:—Lts. Warren Downs and Cole, Sub-Lts. Beaumont and Wagal, Chief Engr Palmer, Dr. Edmond Cocoran, Paymaster John Hoar, Gunner Charles Elles.

ARRIVALS.

Feb.	Vessels.	Commander.	From.
18	H. M. S. Mariner..	Durnford ..	Trincomalle, Feb. 10.

DEPARTURE.

Feb.	Vessels.	Commander.	Destination.
18	Frundsberg (Aus. man-of-war)	Semse	Persian Gulf.

The steamer Burmah, Mitchell, obtained her port-clearance yesterday for Kattiawar, Coast and Kurrachee.

The following vessels entered for loading yesterday:—Steamers Patna, for Coast and Calcutta; Dragoman, Hull; and Abyssinia, Zanzibar. Ship Meteor, for Melbourne.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—FEBRUARY 16.

Hoskyns, Capt, Bl R E, on leave, from Sibi.
Seton, Major, Ms 2nd Hampsh Regt. on M C, from Secunderabad.

FEBRUARY 17.

Broadwood, Lt, Ms 12th Rl Lanc, on leave, from Bangalore.

FEBRUARY 18.

Groghegan, Lt, Bo 3rd Cavy, on leave, from Nusserabad.
Forjell, Major, Bo 4th Rifles, on duty, from Mhow.
Saunders, Col Bl S C, on leave, from Poona.

DEPARTURES.—FEBRUARY 17.

Malcolm, Lt Bo Rl Fus, on duty, to Ahmedabad.
Leacock, Lt-Col, 22nd Bo Infy, from leave, to Satara.

FEBRUARY 18.

Phayre, Lt-Gl, Bo Staff Corps, on leave, to Matheran.
Southey, Lt, Bo A D C, on leave, to Matheran.
Raper Lt-Col, Bo 2nd Bn North Stafford. Regt, on duty, to Mhow.
Forbes, Lt. Ms 2nd Cavy, on duty, to Bellary.
Ross, Lt-Gl, Bo Staff, on leave, to Poona.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS,

By Lieut.-Col. the Hon. L. H. Bayley, Comdt., B.V.R.C.

Bombay, 19th February, 1886.

The Regiment will parade under the Commandant on Saturday, the 20th instant, to take part in the Brigade parade of Volunteers. Fall in, at the Town Hall, at 4-45 p.m. Red uniform, with helmets, arms and accoutrements, to be worn. Members who are at the Tram terminus at Colaba, Byculla, Grant-road, Girgaum and Prince's Dock, at 4-15 p.m., and those met on their way will have their fares paid. Members defraying their own fares will be refunded the amount, on applying after parade to the Instructors. The following movements will be done, Field Exercise Book, 1884, March past in quarter columns, page 355, part IV. section, I. 5, (clause 1) 6, 8, 12 and 18 (clause, 1) advance in review order, page 352.

It is particularly requested that all members of the corps will do their utmost to attend.

There will be a Class of instruction for certificates on Monday next the 22nd inst., at 5-30 p.m., at Head-Quarters.

By order,
H. HODGKINSON, Captain,
Adjutant, B. V. R. C.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(*Bombay Govt. Gazette*, Feb. 18.)

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Lieut-Genl Sir R Phayre, K C B., is permitted, on completion of his tenure of Divisional Command, to proceed to Europe under the regulations.

The undermentioned officer is allowed furlough to Europe for one year and one hundred and eighty-two days on private affairs:—Major D W K Barr, S C, Political Agent, Baghelkhand, and Supt of Rewa.

The undermentioned officers having completed eleven years' service, four of which have been in the Staff Corps, to be Captains from the date specified, subject to H M's approval:—Staff Corps—Lieuts H D M Minchin, W St J Richardson, and Harrison, D C W, 11th Feb 1886.

The following Native promotions are made, with effect from the 1st Jan 1886:—29th Regt Boy Infy—Jamadar Peer Bux to be Subhedar vice Dost Mahomed, 3rd, pensioned, and Havaldar Dad Mahomed to be Jamadar vice Peer Bux, promoted.

The undermentioned officers have been permitted by the Secy of State for India to return to duty:—Major J F Willoughby, Infantry, Surgn A C Thompson, I M D, and Lieut C R Phillipps, S C.

The services of Lieut A F Pinhey, 3rd (Queen's Own) Lt Cavy, are placed at the disposal of the Govt of India.

The Govr in Council is pleased to notify that H E Lieut-Genl Sir Charles G Arbuthnot, K C B, R A, having arrived in Bombay on the 16th inst, assumed the Command of the Bombay Army on that date.

The following appointment in the Commissariat Dept, Transport Branch, is made:—Lieut C M Edwards, 1st Battn Worcester Regt, to act as Sub-Assist Comy Genl for Transport, 2nd class, until relieved by Lieut P S Dyson, 2nd Battn North Staffordshire Regt, in March next.

The undermentioned officer is allowed furlough to Europe for eighteen months on private affairs:—Capt W Loch, S C, Additional Political Agent, third class, Assist to the Resident, Western Rajputana States and Boundary Settlement Officer, Marwar.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Lieut F R H Chapman, Assist Political Agent, Southern Maratha Country, in charge of the Chief of Miraj (Senior), is granted furlough to Europe for one year from the 24th March 1886.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

The Rt Hon the Govr in Council is pleased to grant to the Hon Mr Justice Bayley, Judge of H M's High Court of Judicature, Bombay, furlough to Europe for six months from the 1st May 1886.

Mr M H Scott, Judge and Sessions Judge of Ahmednagar, is allowed furlough for two years from the 1st April 1886 or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—

Mr J L Johnston to be first grade Judge vice Mr C B Izon, deceased.

Mr E Mcg H Fulton to be second grade Judge vice Mr Johnston, promoted and to be Judge and Sessions Juge of Ratnagiri vice Mr Izon, deceased. Mr Fulton is, however, to continue to do duty as Judge and Sessions Judge of Belgaum till further orders.

Mr G Druitt to be third grade Judge and to be Judge and Sessions Judge of Kanara vice Mr Fulton, promoted and transferred, but to do duty as Judge and Sessions Judge of Khandesh as ordered in Govt Notification No 635, dated the 30th ultimo.

Mr Shripad Babaji Thakur to be Assist Judge in the Surat Dist for the Broach Collectorate vice Mr Druitt, promoted and transferred.

Mr G McCorkell to be first grade Assist Judge vice Mr Thakur, promoted, continuing to act as Judge and Sessions Judge of Ratnagiri until relieved.

Mr J B Alcock to be second grade Assist Judge vice Mr McCorkell, promoted, continuing to act as Judge and Sessions Judge of Shikarpur till further orders.

Mr H F Aston to act as Judge and Sessions Judge of Ratnagiri during the absence of Mr Fulton or till further orders.

Mr Gutam Rasul is also intended to be a Special Magte and is invested with the powers of a Magte of the third class within the limits of the town of Nander in the Surat Dist.

Mr Luis J DeSa, second class Subordinate Judge of Panvel in the Thana Dist, has been allowed a further extension of leave on medical certificate for three months from the 18th Jan 1886.

Mr Narsingrao Krishna Vinchurkar, Magte of the first class in the districts of Nasik and Ahmednagar, is invested with additional powers.

A'zam Maneklal Narbheram Munshi, Actg Mamlatdar of taluka Dhandhuka in the district of Ahmedabad, is appointed to be a Magte of the second class in the district of Ahmedabad.

Rao Saheb Raghavendra Pandurang Bengeri, Magte of the second class in the district of Dharwar, is invested with additional powers.

Messrs G McCorkell and A H Unwin respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Judge and Sessions Judge of Kanara on the 5th inst.

Rao Saheb Sidheshwar Bhaskar Gole delivered over charge of the second class Subordinate Judge's Court at Dohad in the Ahmedabad Dist on the 4th Jan 1886, and Rao Saheb Tribhovandas Laxmidas Dalal assumed charge of the said Court on the 26th idem.

Mr Tulshiram Dolatram, Clerk of the second class Subordinate Judge's Court at Dohad in the Ahmedabad Dist, was in addition to his own duties, in charge of the current duties of that Court from the 4th to the 25th Jan 1886 both days inclusive.

Rao Bahadur Chintaman Narayan Bhat, first class Subordinate Judge of Dhulia in the Khandesh Dist. is allowed privilege leave of absence from the 25th inst. to the 20th April 1886, both days inclusive.

Rao Saheb Abaji Vithal Purohit, second class Subordinate Judge of Amalner in the Khandesh Dist, is appointed to act as first class Subordinate Judge of Dhulia in the same district, in addition to his present duties, during the absence on privilege leave of Rao Bahadur Chintaman Narayan Bhat, or until further orders.

Mr. Antaji Raghunath Tulpule is appointed to be Subordinate Govt. Pleader in the Subordinate Judge's Court at Sasvad in the Poona Dist. vice Mr. Dattatrava Ganesh, resigned.

A'zam Balkrishna Wasudeo, Actg Head Karkun of taluka Amalner in the district of Khandesh, is appointed to be a Magte of the third class in the district of Khandesh.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Mr A H Spry is permitted to resign H M's Covenanted Civil Service on the Bombay Estab with effect from the 20th March 1886.

Mr G F Sheppard, C S, Commissioner Northern Divn, is allowed furlough for seven months from 2nd April 1886.

Mr J W A Weir, C S, is allowed privilege leave of absence for thirty-six days.

Syad Nuruddin Khan, C S, to be Assist Coll and Magte of Thana.

Mr J Elphinston, C S, has been allowed by H M's Secy of State for India, an extension of furlough for seven months.

Rao Saheb Madhavrao to be Native Assist Collr of Salt Revenue on the retirement of Mr. Parashram Balkrishna.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

H E the Rt Hon the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Mr Manchesji Jamasji Mistri, L M S, to be Hon Assist Surgn, Jamshedji Jijibhoy Hospital, Bombay.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Surg-Major J Davidson, M A., M B, C M Aberto act as Civil Surgn, Dharwar, during the absence of Surgn-Major W McConaghy, M D, L R C S., Ir., or until further orders.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased, under the provisions of Sec 40 of Act II of 1886, to appoint Mr Kharshedji Nasarvanji Servai to be Collr of Income Tax for the Town and Island of Bombay.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased, under the provisions of Sec 40 of Act II of 1886, to appoint Mr J H Grant, C S., Collr of Bombay, to be Commr for the Town and Island of Bombay to dispose of petitions received under Sec 27 of the Act and to exercise the powers conferred on a Commissioner of a Division by Sub-Sec 2 of Sec 34 of the Act, in addition to his other duties.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Mr J A Baines, C S., on special duty from May, 1886, to supervise the work under the Income Tax Act No II of 1886 in the Presidency of Bombay, exclusive of the Town and Island of Bombay.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Mr A S M Ritchie is promoted to be Assist Engr first grade with effect from the 1st Feb 1886.

Col I M Greig, R E, having obtained furlough H E the Govr. in Council is pleased to appoint Col W. M. Ducat, R. E., to officiate as Suptdg. Engr., Central Divn. until further orders.

Mr. D. George, Assist. Engr., first grade, is appointed to act as Ex. Engr., Ratnagiri, during the absence of Mr. F. D. Campbell, on privilege leave.

On the return of Mr. Campbell, Mr. George should proceed to Bijapur, to act as Ex Engr, Bijapur during the absence of Mr. E. K. Reinold on privilege leave.

NOTICES.

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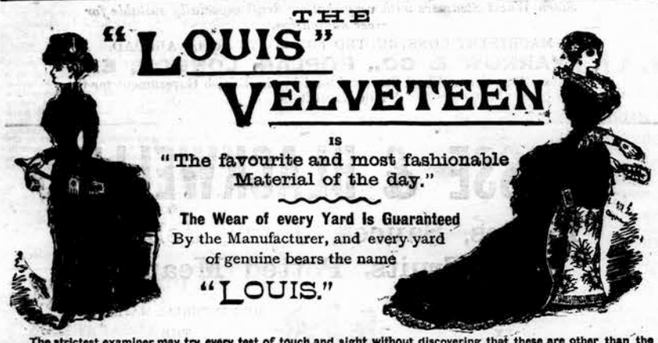

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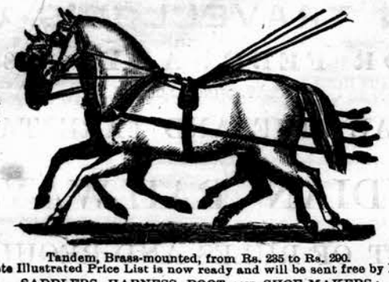

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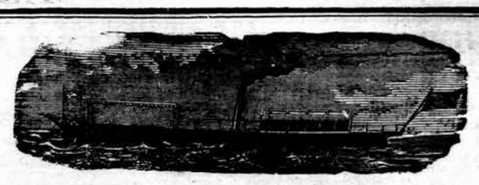

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